

THEATERS—
With Dates of Events.
BURBANK—PRICES—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c; Logo Seats, 75c; C. A. SHAW, Lessee.
TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK—Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
JANET WALDORF Tonight
"As You Like It."
Tuesday evening, Wednesday matinee and Wednesday evening, "The Hunchback of Notre Dame"; Thursday and Friday evenings, "Twelfth Night"; Saturday matinee, "As You Like It"; Sunday evening, "Lady of Lyons."
OS ANGELES THEATRE—The Most Perfect Acoustics of Any Building in the City.
TOMORROW, TUESDAY, AFTERNOON, FEB. 14.
At 3:45 o'clock, Sixth Concert of the season 1898-99, given by the
Los Angeles Symphony Orchestra.
Harley Hamilton, Director. Anna Virginia Metcalf (Soprano). Soloist.
Season tickets, good for 20 admissions, with preferred seats, \$10; single admissions, 25c; reserved seats, 50c. Seats now on sale. Tel. M. 70.

OPHEUM—WEEK OF MONDAY, FEB. 13. Seats on sale 7 days in advance. Buy quick. Climax of Spectacular Splendor. CLORENDY, or the origin of the Cane Wall, greatest hit in years; thirty dusky dudes and damsels. Edward E. Rice's New York Casino Extravaganza. Success. Giantella Della Rocca, queen of Violin Virtuosity. Papina, houses jammed to witness the work of the Glorious Dancer. Avolos, the Masterful Musicians. 3—Xylophone Kings—3. Max Cincinnati, a juggler, a veritable wonder. Wilson and Leicester, sweetest of singers. Johnnie Carroll and Addie Cawford, force comedians. Prices Never Changing—Down Stairs 25c and 50c, Entire Balcony 25c, Gallery 10c. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, any seat 25 cents. C. Tel. Main 1447.

IMPSON AUDITORIUM—SOUSA AND HIS BAND COMING. Two Matinees, Two evenings.
Management, FITZGERALD MUSIC AND PIANO CO.

MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

PEN HANDICAP—
GOLF TOURNAMENT
Of the Santa Catalina Island Golf Club, Catalina Island, Feb. 18-19. Special boat Friday, 17th, connecting with Southern Pacific and Terminal trains leaving Los Angeles at 1:40 p.m. and 5:30 p.m. respectively. All amateur golfers invited to enter. For full information call on or write to BANNING CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

UPPER ROUTES OF TRAVEL—
Quick—
California Limited Santa Fe Route.
Leave Los Angeles.....1:30 p.m. Mon., Wed., Sat.
Arrive Denver.....5:00 p.m. Wed., Fri., Mon.
Arrive Kansas City.....9:10 p.m. Wed., Fri., Mon.
Arrive Chicago.....9:35 a.m. Thu., Sat., Tues.
Arrive New York.....1:30 p.m. Fri., Sun., Wed.

No extra charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping car rates.
KITE-SHAPED TRACK
THE SIGHT TO SEE
Every TUESDAY, in addition to the regular train service, the Santa Fe runs a special express, taking in Redlands, Riverside and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon.
Leave Los Angeles.....9:00 a.m.
Leave Pasadena.....9:25 a.m.
Arrive Redlands.....11:15 a.m.
Leave Redlands.....11:35 a.m.
Arrive Riverside.....1:25 p.m.
Leave Riverside.....1:45 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles.....6:35 p.m.
Arrive Pasadena.....6:50 p.m.
Giving two hours' stop at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sight-seeing.
The Observation Car
On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.
Tickets admit stopovers at any point on the track. Round trip \$4.10.
San Diego and Coronado Beach.
The most beautiful spot in the world. Two daily trains, carrying Parlor Cars, making the run in about four hours from Los Angeles. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean Beach.
Santa Fe Route Office, 200 Spring Street, corner Second.

MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—ECHO MOUNTAIN HOUSE.
Tourists. These are perfect days, to enjoy the grandest trip on earth, the views of valley, cities, ocean and islands are perfect. The trip is one that you will always remember. You can not afford to miss it. Echo Mountain House first-class in every detail, reasonable. Special ticket arrangements for guests remaining one week or longer. Tickets and full information, office 214 South Spring St., Tel. Main 960.
HAWAII, JAPAN AND MANILA—
Select parties, under personal escort of experienced traveler, all arrangements strictly first class, will leave San Francisco during February and March. For programme, etc., address THOS. COOK & SON, 621 Market St., San Francisco, or H. B. RICE, Agent, 235 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

IMMEDIATE SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—
AN GABRIEL SANATORIUM—
Administering treatment of diseases of nose, throat and lungs. The constant breathing of dry antiseptic air, the use of medicated vapors, and proper hygienic conditions, are meticulously observed and practiced. Steam heat in every room. Climate cannot be surpassed.
San Gabriel, Cal., nine miles from Los Angeles.

GRAPE FRUIT—
Fine thin skinned juicy Grape Fruit, 25 TO 30 BOXES received fresh from the orchards daily.
ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO. Tel. Main 308.
218-219 West Second Street.

RT PICTURES OF CALIFORNIA MISSIONS—
Grand Canyon of the Colorado and Western Views in Carbon and Platinum by Oliver Lippincott. Inspection invited. Published only by the Lippincott Art Photo Company, room 23, 110 W. Second St. Los Angeles, California.

PHOTOGRAPHS
Speak for themselves in Medals.
Studio 220 1/2 South Spring St., Opposite Hollenbeck.

STRICT FARM—South Pasadena.
—100 GIGANTIC BIRDS—
Brood of Baby Ostriches Just Hatched.

6,000 CITRUS TREES—NAVELS—
Thompson's Improved Navel Lemon and Grape Fruit. Nursery, foothill section of Pomona Valley. Large field-grown rose bushes, \$1.50 per doz. Royal Exhibition Pansy, Redondo carnation plants. Meserve, 635 S. Broadway, Sole Agent.

OTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.
BBOTSFORD INN—Corner Eighth and Hope Streets.
The best appointed family hotel in the city; special rates to permanent guests. Electric cars to and from all parts of the city and depot. Steam heating, electric service throughout.

QUIET REIGNS.

Insurgents Holding Their Breath Again.

More Fighting Expected at Any Moment at Manila.

Gen. Miller Should Have Begun Attack Upon Iloilo.

Arrival of the German first-class cruiser Kaiserin Augusta, when she saluted Admiral Dewey this afternoon, a report spread rapidly that the American warships were bombarding Malabon. Today crowds have visited the scenes of last week's fighting. All the roads from the city were thronged with vehicles. But beyond burned villages and new mounds in the fields, there was little to be seen. Inspection showed that most of the enemy's dead had remained at their posts to the last as the bodies were usually surrounded by empty cartridges, while in the trenches, wherever there were dead, there was little and often no ammunition.

Among the distinguished prisoners captured in Manila since the outbreak of hostilities are Capt. A. G. Escamilla, Aguilino, private secretary, Capt. E. R. Veragurth, Col. Martin de los Reyes and Señor Tomas del Rosario, a member of the so-called Filipino congress in session at Manila. Other Filipino officers are also in custody.

INSURGENTS OPENED FIRE.
Parused Their Customary Tactics, but Did No Harm.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
MANILA, Feb. 13, 10:30 a.m.—[By Asiatic Cable.] Pursuing their customary tactics, the insurgents on the extreme left of the line opened fire at long range on the American troops last night, maintaining their fire for four minutes before settling down. None of their shots took effect, however, and the Americans did not reply.

All was quiet along the rest of the line.

The weather at night now is cool, and showers are frequent.

A sick of the Montana regiment, died in the hospital yesterday.

QUIET ON THE LINE.
Trenchery of Agonillo—Additional Casualties—Rebel Losses.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The following cablegram was received at the War Department today:

"AGUILINO, Adjutant-General, Washington D. C.: It is reported that the insurgent representative at Washington telegraphed Aguinaldo to drive out the Americans before the arrival of reinforcements. Dispatches were received at Hongkong and mailed at Manila. The insurgent representative on an attack to be made about the 7th instant. The eagerness of the insurgents to engage the Americans precipitated the battle."

"It is very quiet today on the lines from Calocan on the north to Pansay on the south. Yesterday a small reconnoitering party twelve miles south of the city was fired upon by two and slightly wounded. Two insurgents with arms were captured."

"The affair of MacArthur's division was very successful. The enemy's loss is considerable. Have collected seventy dead bodies, and more have not yet been discovered. The insurgents are reported to be gathering in force twelve miles north on the railway, but are evidently perplexed."

KILLED AND WOUNDED.
The following additional casualties are reported: Infantry—Wounded: Privates Bernhart Hensel, Co. F; William Ransom, Co. F.

First Idaho—Wounded: Private Kosekella, Co. F.

Utah Artillery—Wounded: Private Constantine, Battery B.

Third Artillery—Killed: Private Theodore Good, Battery K.

Thirtieth Infantry—Wounded: Privates James Hartley, Co. D; William C. Filch, Co. D.

First Montana—Wounded: Private Mallory Thomas, Co. K.

Fourth Cavalry—Killed: Private Anthony Nelson Packard, Co. C.

Fourth Cavalry—Wounded: Private James Thomas, Co. B.

Twentieth Kansas—Wounded: Private M. Mitchell, Co. B.

Private Frank Gott, Co. I, First Montana, reported missing yesterday, reported to his company commander. [Signed] OTIS.

OUR EXPORTS TO FRANCE.
Annual Report Shows That They Exceed Great Britain's.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—[Exclusive.] The Tribune Paris cable says that the annual report of the American Chamber of Commerce of Paris has been compiled by Elward Green and will appear next week. Statistics show that the value of goods imported last year from the United States into France exceeds all past records and amounts to \$433,858,000.

The United States is now for the first time the country from which France imports the greatest amount of goods, Great Britain coming second on the list, with \$434,708,000. The United States has been at the top of the list as the largest exporter to France.

FEELING SUBSIDED.
Hasty Cubans Realize That They Were in the Wrong.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
HAVANA, Feb. 12.—[By West Indian Cable.] The feeling which existed among the Cubans toward Gen. Brooke over the question of precedence in the line of the funeral procession of Gen. Calixto Garcia on Saturday, has moderated very greatly, owing to the explanations that have been made, and most of the ill-humor now is directed against the Cuban generals, who have been ordered to leave and themselves retired. The other generals are disposed to blame Gen. Andrade for ordering the soldiers not to march.

The leading generals and the members of the Cuban assembly, which is composed of military men, held a meeting and debated the subject until 2 o'clock Sunday morning. A number of strong speeches were made against the Americans, and it was decided to appeal to a commission to investigate the occurrence, and determine whether or not the conduct of the Governor-General constituted a ground of offense. The commission will report on Tuesday next.

One of the Bonapartes Gone.
ROME, Feb. 12.—Prince Napoleon Charles Gregoire Jacques Philippe Bonaparte, third son of Prince Lucien Bonaparte, Prince of Canino, and chief of the elder branch of the Bonaparte family is dead. He was born in Rome in 1855.

SALEUTED DEWEY.
The only incident that has broken the quietude of the day followed the

BIG BUT MILD.

Report of War Board to the President.

Alger Whitewashed and Miles Treated Otherwise.

Fault Found With the Inspector-General's Department.

Beef Furnished the Army Was All Right, According to Evidence, in the Verdict—Not a Single Case of Corruption Discovered.

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This abstract follows:

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LARGER ARMY.

War Expected in Senate Over the Bill.

Lines Sharply Divided and Both Sides Determined.

Republicans Anxious to Pass It Because Necessary.

Fate of Steamship Subsidy Bill Is Sealed—Nicaragua Canal Bill in Doubt—The Appropriation Bills Knock All the Others Out.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The promised effort on the part of the Committee on Military Affairs to get immediate consideration of the Army Reorganization Bill promises to be the most important feature of the proceedings of the Senate during the present week. Lines are divided very sharply on this bill, and the contest over its consideration will unquestionably be both fierce and stubborn. The Republican members of the committee manifest a strong determination to pass the bill regardless of all other measures, and their first effort will be to secure consent from the Committee on Appropriations to set the Army Reorganization Bill aside until the Army Reorganization Bill can be disposed of.

They argue that it is useless to proceed with the appropriations, especially those for the army, until they know how large the army will be. They also urge that there is far greater necessity for legislation increasing the size of the army than for the appropriation of money to meet the government expenditures. Said Senator Warren of the Military Committee, in discussing this matter:

"The present appropriations hold good until the last of next July, while the volunteer army will necessarily be disbanded as soon as the peace treaty is signed by the Spanish authorities. We will then be in a perilous plight with all our new possessions on our hands and our forces reduced to such an extent that we will not be able to even man our guns in this country, unless we get an increase of the army. It is absurd to say that any temporary expedient would answer the purpose. You cannot find men to enlist in the regular army as \$13 a month, unless they are sure of steady employment."

DEMOCRATS WILL RESIST.
The Democrats not only on the Military Committee, but throughout the Senate, will resist any effort to get the Army Bill through. They say, however, they will not try to prevent consideration of the bill. In speaking of this point, Senator Jones of Arkansas said:

"If the Republicans want to take the responsibility of filibustering and throwing their veto over to another session of Congress, I, for one, am willing that they should try to do so."

Continuing, he said he did not believe that the army bills could be passed if it should require the majority of the Senate for the remainder of the session.

It is not absolutely decided that the Committee on Appropriations would voluntarily retire in the interest of the Army Bill. They may, however, step aside for a few days in order to give the promoters of the military measure an opportunity to test the temper of its opponents. There are at present only two appropriations bills before the Senate, so that the time for the experiment is not unpropitious. These are the Agricultural and the Military Appropriation bills. The latter is disposed of in very short order unless there should be extraneous opposition to them.

The Army Bill has not yet been reported to the Senate, but there will be an all-day session of the Committee on Military Affairs on Monday with the hope of concluding the consideration of the bill in committee, and of having it ready to report on Monday or Tuesday. Senator Hawley of Maine, however, that it will not get into the Senate before Wednesday. The probability of an effort to force its consideration on the Senate itself, as everything will be done with reference to this point so as to leave no room for doubt as to the consideration is manifest.

MCKENRY'S RESOLUTION.
Another question which bids fair to provoke considerable controversy, that involved in Senator Hawley's notice of a motion for the consideration of the unanimous consent to Senator Mason's proposition to vote on the McNary resolution at 2:30 o'clock Tuesday. Senator Hawley had objected to the consideration of this question when it came up Saturday, and he was absent when the agreement was reached.

Several other Senators who also will oppose the McNary resolution, including Senator Platt of Connecticut, were absent, and Senator Hawley's motion for a reconsideration was made after consultation with them. There are very few instances on record in which an unanimous agreement, and there are a number of them, that the point will be strenuously resisted this attempt.

HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS.
The House will have little or no time during the remaining three weeks of the session to devote to anything except appropriation bills. Yet there are a number of measures of great importance which will press for consideration. Much pressure is being brought upon the Committee on Rules for another day for the passage of the public buildings bill, to which the House last week devoted two days in committee of the whole, and at the request will probably be accorded to, but hardly during the coming week.

The announcement of Chairman Cannon that there was no time to consider the Steamship Subsidy Bill and the Nicaragua Canal Bill settles the fate of the former. The friends of the latter are to try a flank movement by attempting to attach the Canal Bill to

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This communication recited in detail the subjects upon which information is desired, comprising facts touching the mobilization of troops, and their organization; the amount and kind of

camp and garrison equipment on hand at the beginning of the war; the amount subsequently purchased; similar information with regard to furnishing the troops with arms and accoutrements; information of how the volunteer regiments were armed and equipped in the various State camps; how the location of the camps of general rendezvous was determined; full particulars as to the transportation of troops; an account of the quality, quantity and kind of food furnished; information as to the tentage, beds, linen, medicines and all other necessities for the hospitals; as to whether the medical staff was efficient, and as to the conditions and preparations of the engineer and ordnance departments.

These statements, promptly and intelligently made, were of great value in the investigation of the character of text and reference books.

SPECIFIC CHARGES.
Having thus arranged the preliminary matters which seemed advisable to be determined, the commission resolved that all charges specifically brought before it should be made the basis of the examination of the witnesses who had or professed to have knowledge of the facts involved in such charges.

It was further determined that in the examination of witnesses the strict rules of evidence as applied in legal proceedings should not be adhered to, but considerable latitude should be allowed. While, therefore, in general, the rules of evidence have been followed we have not hesitated to relax their application when thought advisable.

During our examinations we have examined 485 witnesses. All of these were sworn or affirmed except one, who declined to take the oath. The chief examination was conducted by the member designated for that purpose, but each witness was interrogated by every member of the commission who desired to do so.

Our purpose in the discharge of our duties was to arrive at the facts touching the conduct of the war, and no effort was spared by us to reach that result. We have examined the Secretary of War, the commanding general, heads of departments, officers of corps, divisions, brigades, regiments and companies, non-commissioned officers and privates, nurses and persons from many employments in private life. No man nor woman who has stated to us that he or she had any material matter touching the subject of our inquiry to communicate has been refused a hearing.

All the members of the commission have engaged in taking testimony. It has happened that sub-committees have been occupied in hearing witnesses at four different points of the country. The commission visited in person most of the old camps. As a rule the inspection was not only of camps, but of troops and supplies, and much valuable information was obtained by contact with officers and enlisted men.

At some of these places we have invited, sometimes with special insistence, every person to come before us and testify who could bring any light on the conduct of the War Department in any of its branches. Any charge of corruption or intimation of fraud or bribery in connection with the war, no matter how small, has been carefully investigated.

NO EVIDENCE OF DISHONESTY.
It may be said now, at the beginning of this report, that there has been no evidence before us that there has been any dishonesty in the War Department. We have maintained persistent efforts to secure the attendance of persons to whose names rumor had attached an allegation of corruption or dishonesty, and in the proceedings of the commission, in matters of public interest all the time.

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All the members of the commission have engaged in taking testimony. It has happened that sub-committees have been occupied in hearing witnesses at four different points of the country. The commission visited in person most of the old camps. As a rule the inspection was not only of camps, but of troops and supplies, and much valuable information was obtained by contact with officers and enlisted men.

At some of these places we have invited, sometimes with special insistence, every person to come before us and testify who could bring any light on the conduct of the War Department in any of its branches. Any charge of corruption or intimation of fraud or bribery in connection with the war, no matter how small, has been carefully investigated.

Points of the News in Today's Times.

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, making about 18 columns. A large proportion of it

The Sundry Civil Bill, now under consideration. Time must be given for consideration of the bill for the government of Hawaii, but it also, for the present, must give way to the appropriation bills. Five of the appropriation bills still remain unacted upon by the House and as they are the most important of the appropriation bills, it will require practically all the remainder of the session to put them through and consider the conference reports upon the other appropriation bills as they are brought. This will undoubtedly prove to be the case if the opposition shows a disposition to debate the various propositions in the balance as they are brought. And this seems altogether likely.

The threat of an extra session appears to hold no terrors for the Democrats and the Populists; indeed, some of them would apparently welcome it, especially if it were called to increase the size of the regular army.

Tomorrow the consideration of the Sundry Civil Bill for amendment under the five-minute rule will be resumed.

As an unembarrassed proposition the Nicaragua Bill would doubtless command a very strong vote in the House, but with the power of the Appropriations Committee and the threat of a bond issue in the balance against it, and the likelihood that to get a direct vote upon it will require a reversal of the ruling of the chair, it is exceedingly doubtful whether it can carry.

WILL NOT CEDE SKAGWAY.

Work of Joint High Commission is About to Terminate.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The demand for cession of Skagway, Alaska, to Canada, which has been made by Great Britain and refused by the United States, may terminate the work of the Joint High Commission, which has been engaged for six months in the commercial treaty between the United States and Canada. There has been a hitch in the proceedings of the commission for several days. The Canadians have complained that the United States is getting the best of the bargain.

A hurried meeting of the Canadian Cabinet was held in New York a few days ago, and its commissioners were instructed to demand the cession of Skagway as a condition precedent to future negotiations. This demand was made formally by the commissioners yesterday. Sir Clifford Laurier repeated it during a call upon President McKinley.

The American commissioners met last night and refused absolutely to consider the demand. The American commissioners assume that as Great Britain's object in obtaining possession of Skagway is for the purpose of permitting free entry and export of her goods to and from Canada, the United States would be willing to go so far as to insert in the proposed treaty a provision which would practically admit of joint control in such matters, though leaving Skagway American territory. This will not suit the Canadians, because it is said to be the real object of Great Britain in gaining control of Skagway to fortify it as a base from which military operations could, if necessary, be projected.

The American commissioners have steadily maintained the interest of the United States in the conference with Canadian representatives, and there is probably some foundation for the complaint of the Canadians that the United States is trying to get the best of the bargain. The American commissioners have refused to make a greater reduction on lumber than 20 per cent. from the present duty of \$3 per thousand. The Canadians wanted it entered in the United States free of duty. They were also anxious that coal, ore, and several other commodities should be admitted free, but the Americans will not make such concessions, though Canada's demands with respect to barley and vegetables are understood to have been conceded.

It is apparent to the American representatives that failure is impending. A conference of the joint commission will be held tomorrow, by which time, it is hoped, the Canadians will have received fresh instructions from London and Ottawa which will enable them to prevent a rupture.

The failure of negotiations will mean the defeat of the Liberal party. A matter particularly irritating to the American government is the recent action of the provincial parliament of British Columbia in passing a law prohibiting aliens from mining in Canadian territory.

FURY OF A GALE.

British Isles Swept and Much Damage Inflicted.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Feb. 12.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A heavy gale swept the British Isles yesterday and has continued to blow, causing floods at many points. Rivers have overflowed their banks, railways have been submerged, and there have been numerous casualties along the coast.

At Newport, Monmouthshire, a huge tidal wave ran over the sea wall, submerging thousands of acres, and the low-lying portions of the town. One man was drowned.

A coal lighter has foundered off Cromer, Norfolk county, and five of her crew were drowned. It is feared that the loss of this steamer, Arno, which foundered in the gale off Wales, will prove a very serious disaster. Three members of the crew who reported to the coast guard in an exhausted condition, report that thirteen are missing of the ship's company.

The Arno was wrecked within halting distance of the lights and sank rapidly.

Transport Grant at Sea.

SUEZ, Feb. 12.—The United States transport Grant, bound for Manila, having on board Gen. Lawton and staff, has arrived here. Gen. Lawton has telegraphed the United States consular agent that fifty members of the expedition had deserted at Port Said and would be brought to Suez by train. A guard of Egyptian soldiers was marshaled in the depot to prevent their escape. But only two men appeared. They said that neither they nor any of the others wished to desert. They had gone ashore and got drunk, but were willing to return. The transport will wait for them here.

Chicago Street-car Combine.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—A consolidation of all the existing street-car companies connected with the Yastec system in Chicago has been quietly formed, and articles of incorporation of the Chicago Consolidated Traction Company, with a capital stock of \$15,000,000, filed at Springfield.

Killed by an S. F. Train.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 12.—An unknown man, evidently killed by a train on the Southern Pacific near Lawrence station early this morning. He had no money in his pockets, and was about 30 years of age, brown hair and beard and wore blue overalls.

Quarter Million in Smoke.

ALBANY (N. Y.), Feb. 12.—Fire destroyed today business property on South Pearl street valued at \$250,000.

AFRAID TO VENTURE

BULLA WOULD SOON GO DOWN IN OPEN CAUCUS.

Other Senatorial Candidates are Willing, but Their Followers are not So Ready.

GRANT WOULD LEAD BY FAR.

BURNS COULD NOT BE IN THE LIGHT OF DAY.

Proposition Meets With Less Favor the More it is Studied by the Men on the Field—One Flaw Evident.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The open caucus scheme advanced by Little favor the more it is studied. Not that the candidates, with the exception of Bulla, are themselves unwilling, according to their own assertions, to make a trial of strength in the open, but their followers are not ready to lock horns as the chiefs are.

Experience in the caucus which nominated Anderson for Speaker, where Chairman Dibble withheld his announcement of the result until after the change of Alberta vote had been effected by Anderson, and experience yesterday in the joint convention, when pairs between Burns and Grant men were hastily declared off, lest the Democrats should manage to gain additional votes and elect a Senator, have caused a feeling of distrust on the part of the anti-Burns men, no matter whose camp they belong to, as to any departure from the beaten path.

Thus the anomalous situation may be created, of leaders trying to bring their followers into a caucus, which the latter do not approve. One thing is certain, candidates having but one or two votes are not likely to consent to be wiped off the list at one wipe, and, contrary to reports at Grant headquarters last night, Bulla has refused from the start to consent to an open caucus proposition, his excuse being that such "conference," as he calls it, would result in criminalization and recrimination, and instead of producing harmony, would make confusion worse confounded.

The real secret of Bulla's objection to such a caucus is that his name would be the second or third to be dropped from the roll, if a motion prevailed that the candidate having the lowest vote on each ballot should drop out. There is no suit the Canadians, because it is said to be the real object of Great Britain in gaining control of Skagway to fortify it as a base from which military operations could, if necessary, be projected.

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ALBANY (N. Y.), Feb. 12.—Fire destroyed today business property on South Pearl street valued at \$250,000.

LIVES ROASTED OUT

SEVENTEEN LOST IN AN AWFUL, HORRIFYING FIRE.

Poor Unfortunates Entrapped and Devoured by Flames Which Burned an Asylum.

MANY HEARTRENDING SCENES.

THOSE WHO ESCAPED RUSHED INTO SNOW AND COLD.

Firemen Were Left Without Water and Powerless to Save the Victims—Six Lives Lost There by Fire in 1882.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

YANCKTON (S. D.), Feb. 12.—A most horrible fire occurred this morning at 2 o'clock at the State Asylum for the Insane, when one of the cottages was completely gutted and caused the loss of the lives of seventeen inmates. The names of the missing are:

AUGUSTA BOERST, JULIA ERICKSON, ELLA LOKKEN, MARY ANN LANCHE, JOSEPH OBEN, MARTIN TENNYSON, ELIZABETH S. TOPLE, MRS. KAMPANI, MAGGIE FLYNN, LUCINDA GURLEY, ADELA HURLEY, CHRISTINA JOHNSON, JENNIE KRONIG, LUCIA KEENE, CAROLINE LINDBERG, KATIE SWANITZ, CARLIE SWANITZ.

The cottage was a two-story building with stone and granite walls with wooden interior, and intended for laundry purposes. Owing to the crowded condition of the main building, forty of the female patients were placed in the laundry basement. The fire originated in the dry room of the laundry. Here there was a coil of steam pipes, and the theory is that either fine particles similar to lint settled on the pipes and ignited, or that clothes which were tightly hung close by dropped on the pipes and were fired.

The fighting of the fire was greatly hindered by loss of power. The only source of water was an artesian well 400 feet distant, the pipes for pumping which ran through the cottage. The intense heat soon rendered the pipes too hot to touch, and the firemen were left powerless, and dependent entirely upon the direct pressure from the tank. The fire spread rapidly, and the building was completely consumed. The firemen were left without water and powerless to save the victims—six lives lost there by fire in 1882.

FAR OUT ON THE LAKE.

SIXTEEN PERSONS ARE CARRIED ON TREACHEROUS FLOES.

Ten Rescued but Six Missing and Some of Them Surely Drowned. Fruitless All-night Search by Chicago Life-saving Crew—Awful Experience of Skaters.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—Sixteen skaters living in the suburbs of Rogers Park and Lake Forest were carried out on Lake Michigan on ice floes today. Ten of them were rescued, and during the rescue a search for parties was made, but the ice was so treacherous that the searchers were unable to reach the missing six. The missing are: ATTORNEY ELMER D. BROTHERS, MISS OREL MANNEY, 17 years of age, CHAUNCEY MANNEY, GEORGE MALLORY, student at Lake Forest University, GUY CARROLL, student at Lake Forest University, ARTHUR FLETCHER, Ravenswood Park.

All those rescued were carried out on the ice of Lake Forest and two of the number who ventured on the frozen lake there are supposed to have been drowned. The remaining three of the sixteen were carried away on a floe off Rogers Park, and the Chicago life-saving crew spent the night in searching for them.

Most of the rescued were students at Lake Forest Academy. Attorney Brothman, who is a prominent amateur photographer, had gone out on the ice, accompanied by his niece and nephew, to take some pictures of the shore. He had taken several shots when suddenly, half a mile to the north, the ice broke. The last force exerted upon the ice near shore, upon which the unfortunate party were, caused a rapid disintegration. Mr. Brothman realized his position and escape was impossible.

At dusk Mrs. Brothman, alarmed at the absence of her husband, reported to the police. Fully a mile out from shore faint flashes of light could be seen. Between the shore and the points of the floating ice floes, the police officers tried repeatedly to find an opening in the floating mass through which a boat might pass, but without success. Finally telephone calls for aid were sent to this city. Several lifeboats were loaded upon trains and started to the rescue.

Tugs were unable to make the slightest impression upon the pack and after several fruitless efforts the rescue was abandoned. Guy Carroll and George Mallory had started to walk to Waukegan on the ice about midnight. They were accompanied by a friend, and when the change of wind caused the ice field upon which they were to break from its moorings. They had not a boat with them, and without the hope of saving them has been abandoned.

The ten boys rescued were skating on the ice about midnight. They were accompanied by a friend, and when the change of wind caused the ice field upon which they were to break from its moorings. They had not a boat with them, and without the hope of saving them has been abandoned.

Refuse to Credit the Story. LONDON, Feb. 13.—According to a dispatch to the Standard from Stockholm, Nansen and Nordenskiöld, the explorers, refuse to credit the story from Krasnovarsk of the finding of the province of Yeniseisk of the bodies of three men supposed to be of British origin and his companions.

Adria Arrives at New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The Hamburg-American liner steamer Adria arrived last night after a stormy voyage, and was met by 30 Capt. Levettson, while trying to go from the bridge to the cabin was thrown down into the cabin passage way and killed.

A FAR CRY.

Fanatical Los Angeles Couple Suffer in New York.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Frank Cuthbert, son of a Los Angeles doctor, and his pretty wife, Edith Cuthbert, are here on an odd religious mission. They believe that they have received a call from heaven to go to Jerusalem, and are suffering in an effort to answer it. They left Los Angeles a year ago, and only got as far as New York, where they have lived in a small apartment at No. 145 East Eighteenth street. Money was sent to them to return home, but they refused to accept it, as the Lord had not sent it. They have been kept from starvation by Rev. J. S. Campbell, a former Los Angeles minister, but have smiled in the face of starvation. Both are evidently unbalanced, and their relatives should take care of them.

STIR IN PARLIAMENT.

LORD BEREFOED'S RETURN SURE TO LEAD TO IT.

Has Had Opportunities for Study of China Such as no Other Man Ever Enjoyed, and British and American Communities in Far East Support Him.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Times' London cable says that Lord Charles Beresford's return is a matter over which lively times may be expected in Parliament. His friends are now openly stating that he has broken with the government in consequence of his realizing in China the feebleness and folly of their policy and its grave dangers for the future. British and American communities throughout the Far East have united in giving him most enthusiastic support.

No foreigner in modern times has had opportunities approaching his for closely investigating the Chinese army and navy, its arsenals and commercial centers, or for confidential discussion with all the most influential Chinese authorities. He returns armed at every point. Even some of those who sent him and contributed to the considerable expense of his journey are alarmed at the strong line they believe he will take.

Lord Balfour declared in the House of Commons on Tuesday that Lord Charles Beresford was not a government emissary. He could only say this by using the word emissary in its narrow and most technical sense, for it was cable months ago, and is now known to everybody, namely, that Lord Charles was authorized to make certain definite offers, and was similarly promised that if his negotiations succeeded government action would follow.

The advent of a colonial Chinese market for British and American trade is at stake. As Lord Charles has reached San Francisco, the great representative American commercial bodies will doubtless take this opportunity of satisfying themselves as to how far they should give their support. If they decide to do so in any large degree, his position when he reaches home will be materially strengthened.

HELPLESSLY DRIFTING.

STEAMER BULGARIA OUT ON THE BROAD ATLANTIC.

Hamburg-American Liner and Her Passengers and Crew at the Mercy of the Sea Waves, Eight Hundred Miles from the Azores, With Little Hope.

PONTA DELGADA (Azores), Feb. 12.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The British tank steamer Weehawken, Capt. Tazey, from Philadelphia, January 27, for Hull, has arrived here with twenty-five passengers and crew. The Hamburg-American liner Bulgaria, Capt. Schmidt, from New York, January 28, for Hamburg. The Weehawken reports the Bulgaria drifting helplessly 800 miles from the Azores. Nothing is known here as to the fate of the other passengers.

NINETY PASSENGERS.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—It is understood here tonight that the Hamburg-American liner Bulgaria, which is reported drifting helplessly 800 miles from the Azores, carries ninety passengers.

COULD NOT BE TAKEN.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—According to a dispatch from Ponta Delgada, the twenty-five members of the Bulgaria crew are on the Weehawken. The rest of the passengers and crew could not be taken off, owing to heavy weather.

FORTY-EIGHT PASSENGERS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Emil M. Box, general agent of the Hamburg-American line in this city, says the Bulgaria had forty-eight passengers aboard. Her crew numbers seventy-five. She had on board 107 horses. All the passengers were stowaways. They were mostly German and from all parts of the United States.

The Bulgaria is not a regular liner, and has been in the service of the Hamburg-American company but one year. She was built in England and is a twin-screw steamer of 9000 tonnage.

OVER A HALF MILLION LOSS.

Five Stocks of Old Manuscripts at Chicago Totally Destroyed. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The five-story brick building at the northwest corner of Wabash avenue and Madison street, occupied by the book and stationery firm of A. C. McClurg & Co., was, with its contents, totally destroyed by fire today, entailing a loss of nearly \$500,000, of which \$500,000 was on the stock. Insurance about \$350,000.

McClurg & Co. carried one of the largest stocks of rare old books and manuscripts outside the great libraries.

The fire was started by an explosion of gas on the third floor, and spread with amazing rapidity. The firemen from the first had no hope of saving the building and directed their efforts to preventing the flames from spreading. Considerable difficulty was experienced by them on account of the low water pressure, many of the hydrants being partly frozen up. The temperature was several degrees below zero and a bitter north wind was blowing. Many of the firemen were severely frost bitten.

About two hours after the fire started the Madison-street wall fell out, tons of debris crashing into the street and breaking many large plate-

BAD MAN LOW SLAIN.

HE HAD HIS BOOTS ON AND FIVE BULLETS IN HIM.

Served as a Scout Under Buffalo Bill, Killed Men Who Lynched His Brother, and Took Part in Numerous Bloody Fights—Has no Gun Last Night.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] DENVER (Colo.), Feb. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Joe Low, dance-hall keeper, bad man and government scout, is dead. Strange to say, the sporting fraternity deplore his death and say he was a square sport, and when he happened to kill a man it was the victim's fault for going against such a game.

He started life in Florida and served in the civil war. When discharged at St. Louis he followed the throngs of tough men to the front, where railroad towns were daily coming into existence. He was a notable character of Wichita and Ellsworth, Kan., and after the passing of the railroad found life too tame and came West with the mining boom.

He settled at Deadwood, where he ran a dance hall and settled with every one of the gang that lynched his brother. He swore to follow them to the end, and did so. Only three escaped and died natural deaths. In Wichita he was credited with the death of a man named Reed, and soon after he took a whirl down into Texas, where four men were added to the score.

In Leadville he was sergeant of the Tigers, who made life miserable for the vigilantes, and finally broke up the gang.

Low served as a scout under Buffalo Bill, and married the belle of Wichita in its tough days. She was Rowdy Kate White. His last fatal affair was in Denver, three years ago, when Samuel McCall was killed and John McKenna fatally wounded in a pitched battle over water rights. Low predicted his own death last September, when he remarked to a friend: "Some day I will die with my boots on."

Since coming to Denver he never carried a gun, for, he said, he was likely to use it too freely. He had no weapon last night when called down. Five bullets took effect, either of which would have been fatal.

TOO MUCH NEW YEAR.

THESE CHINESE CELEBRATED IT THE LAST TIME.

Opium-soaked Celestials Caught in a Burning House and Roasted Before Recovering from the Stupor—Quang Duck Exploded, Crushed to Death.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—The celebration of the Chinese New Year in this city resulted in a tragedy today. While fireworks were being exploded from a window of the employment agency of Yue Bun at No. 724 Commercial street, a lot of firecrackers inside the house were accidentally exploded and the room was soon in flames.

A number of Chinese were smoking opium in the place at the time. Five who were rescued told of others remaining in a stupor and a vigorous search by the police resulted in the discovery of the drugged Mongolians. Quang Duck was burned to death, and his charred remains were taken to the morgue.

Su Mow, Jim Shu and Chan Wo were all badly scorched, and their recovery is doubtful. A little damage was done to the building.

Engineer Crushed to Death. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Herbert H. Borden, 36 years of age, was crushed to death today in the machinery of the Bavarian Brewery at Scott and Lombard streets. In company with a friend, A. B. Griffiths, he called

Y.M.C.A. Convention Closed.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 12.—The Y.M.C.A. convention, held yesterday at Panama,

a representative of the strikers of the Panama Canal zone, were willing to accept \$2.20 a day in currency, but the railway officials declined to entertain the proposal. Fifty more laborers for Forto Island arrived today on the steamer Finance. The general situation, so far as the strike is concerned, is unchanged. The end of the Panama Railroad is completely blocked.

Assignment at Flagstaff.

FLAGSTAFF (Ariz.), Feb. 12.—T. E. Pollock, Commercial Company manager, assignment last night. T. E. Pollock, Commercial Company manager, assignment last night. T. E. Pollock, Commercial Company manager, assignment last night.

Hotel del Coronado. Offers superior fishing. New \$50,000 Hotel. The following fish were caught on the pier: Large Trout, Salmon, Trout, Chicken, Haddock, Lobster, Crabs, etc.

Hotel Westminister, Los Angeles. The best and most perfectly appointed. Largest and most elegant. Entirely refurnished. All modern comforts and luxuries.

Hotel Redondo. BROAD, SUNNY PORCHES. Two hundred sunny rooms, with open or steam heat. Many private baths. Splendid dining and billiard rooms. Fine Golf Links within 100 yards of hotel. Large play grounds for children. House thoroughly steam heated. Meets Santa Fe trains. Beautiful bath and billiard rooms. Only 40 minutes from Los Angeles or either Santa Fe or Redondo Railways. The healthiest and most homelike place in California.

MAKE AN OFFER FOR THAT LARGE SUPERB HOME WITH BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS. AT 421 W. ADAMS ST.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.

HOTEL GREEN—Pasadena. Absolutely fire-proof. The monarch hotel of Southern California. Two noble, fire-proof buildings surrounded by parks. New Golf Grounds. Rates \$3 to \$7 per day.

ARLINGTON HOTEL—Santa Barbara. New Passenger Elevator and forty Bath Rooms have been added. Perpetual climate. Ocean Bathing every day.

HOTEL LA PINTORESCA—Pasadena. Strictly first class. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Superb location, 10 feet above the sea level, commanding a glorious view. AN IDEAL GOLF COURSE, 5 minutes from the hotel. STEAM HEAT in every room.

BELLEVUE TERRACE HOTEL. Cor. Sixth and Figueroa. Strictly First-class Family Hotel, under new management. Fine cuisine, spacious porches, large playgrounds for children. The only hotel in central city surrounded by beautiful lawns and tropical grounds. An ideal picture. California Hotel. Rates, \$2 per day and up. Special terms by the week.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL. Eminent Hot Springs—Eminent Hot Springs and Kidney Trouble quickly relieved. Good local accommodations, pleasant surroundings, reasonable. L. A. office, 603 Laughlin bldg. C. S. Traphagen.

CARLTON HOTEL, PASADENA. Very popular under new management. New office, 22 by 100 feet, and dining-room accommodating 100 guests. Bath, Billiard and light. Best house in Southern California, price considered. Rates per day, \$2.00 and up. Special rates by the week. GEO. E. WEAVER, Proprietor, also Grand View Hotel, Catalina.

OAK GLEN COTTAGES. First-class Family Hotel. Open fire, artesian water, golf links free to guests. \$10.00 per week. For circulars address MRS. GALLY, Northridge, Cal.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL. First-class Family Hotel in the San Gabriel Valley. A select family hotel in the most delightful residence portion of the city, one block from park. Room enlarged. Newly furnished. Telephone M. 846.

HOTEL GRAY CABLES. Cor. 7th and Hill Sts. Newly furnished suites, with private bath, and all modern comforts. Rates per day, \$2.00 and up. Special rates by the week. 7th and Hill Sts. in city. Billiard, Casino and card rooms in basement. Near New Market.

SANTA MONICA—THE DORIA. Corner Ocean and Arroyo avenues—open to reception. Limited number of guests. P. O. Box 61. References required.

THE BELMONT HOTEL. 4th Temple Street. Healthy location, near courthouse. PLEASANT HOME, sunny rooms, front suits, glass porch, furnace heat, good board.

HOTEL ROSSLYN. Main street, opposite postoffice. Completely equipped, elevator, steam bath, bath, etc. \$2 to \$3 per day. Music at dinner.

HOTEL LINCOLN. Second and Hill streets. First-class family hotel. Near Santa Fe and appointments complete. THOS. PASCOE, Prop. Telephone Main 846.

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ATTRACTIONS TONIGHT.

THE BURBANK. "As You Like It."
ORPHEUM. Vaudeville.

PRICE OF THE MIDWINTER NUMBER.

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The issue for 1899 is larger and more costly than any previous special issue of the Times. The weight of the three magazine parts, including cover, is thirteen ounces. The weight of the complete paper, including news sheets, is nineteen ounces. Postage on this issue will be five cents when all parts are mailed together. If the two news sheets are not included the postage will be four cents.

THAT PROPOSED CONFERENCE.

A movement looking to an end of the deadlock at Sacramento is outlined in the dispatches from that seat of war, through an open caucus, or what may more properly be termed a legislative conference. It is anticipated that through a free debate—a sort of legislative heart-to-heart battle, so to speak—the present bindingness of the situation may be put to an end and the election of a successor to Senator White accomplished. While such an election is of paramount importance, from one point of view, we are free to say that should it result in the selection of the notorious political boss of devious methods and a still more devious record, Daniel M. Burns, it were a thousand times better that California never have another representative in the upper house at the national capital.

California is entitled to two Senators, and it desires its full quota, but it demands that the men selected for this honorable office shall be gentlemen, men of ability, of character, of standing and of integrity, and not men whose elevation to high place will cast dishonor upon the State and serve to discredit and misrepresent an intelligent and honorable constituency.

We warn the members of the Legislature of California that any deal, conference or caucus which shall result in the election of Daniel M. Burns will forever ruin the men who acquiesce in such an outcome to the contest now on at the capital. And we warn them further that the scandal which will ensue from such a selection will not be confined to the State of California, nor end at the State line; it will be carried to the threshold of the Senate chamber, across that threshold and up to the seat of the President thereof to such a ventilation that the nation will ring with the shame of this peerless commonwealth.

California must have a Senator who will not disgrace the State, or none at all—that should be the position taken by our representatives at Sacramento, and there they should stand fast, no matter how loud the clamor for the election of a Senator, regardless of his pedigree, character, attainments or standing among his fellow-citizens. Better, by far, as has already been said, no election, than the selection of a man whose record is as rank as the noisome atmosphere of the slums and whose support comes wholly from a corporation which has had its iron heel upon the neck of this people for thirty years.

The Republican party of California shall stand where it is today, or go down to defeat for the next twenty years, as may be determined by the party of the majority in the present Legislature through the election of a Senator. We cannot elevate an utterly unfit man to the highest position in the gift of this State, hoping that the people will overlook and forget the affront to their integrity and intelligence. The majority at the capital will be held to a strict account, and their party will stand or fall according to their acts. The people

look to the Legislature to do its duty as becomes honest and honorable gentlemen, of which they believe it to be in the main composed. Let them not be disappointed!

WATER UNDERGROUND.

As recently mentioned in THE TIMES, the British metropolis is also struggling with a municipal water question, the big city having outgrown the capacity of its present supply. The London Council has been planning to carry water to London from the hills on the border of Wales, about two hundred miles away, a great engineering feat, which would cost over \$100,000,000. Now, strange to say, after a lapse of 2000 years, it has been discovered that underneath London is an immense lake of pure cold water, in a chalk basin 2500 square miles in extent, and 100 feet below the surface of the ground. It is believed that the discovery of this lake will forever put an end to the old vexed question of London's water supply. It is only necessary to sink a sufficient number of deep wells in order to obtain all the water necessary. An artisan well has already been sunk to this lake near London, and is producing a daily yield of 1,000,000 gallons.

In spite of the fact that water has been a prime necessity for human beings ever since man first appeared on the earth, we appear to have scarcely yet learned the A. B. C. of nature's provisions for storing the precious fluid. It might pay us, in Los Angeles, to do a little boring for water, as well as for oil.

TRYING TO CORNER COPPER.

One of the biggest speculative booms that has ever taken place in the United States is now under way, but has attracted comparatively little attention on this Coast. This is the boom in copper. It appears that a deliberate attempt is being made to corner the copper output of the world. Such attempts have been made previously, but have inevitably resulted in failure, for the reason that copper is so widely distributed throughout the world that the production can be increased almost indefinitely, whenever the price warrants it.

A recent dispatch from the East mentions that the Standard Oil Company, in connection with some other wealthy organizations, contemplate forming a syndicate with the enormous capital of \$500,000,000, for the purpose of combining the leading copper-producing properties of this country. To show what this means, it is only necessary to state that, in order to pay a dividend of 6 per cent. on this capital, it would be necessary to make a profit of 6 cents a pound on all the copper handled.

There has been a remarkable inflation of shares in copper mines, and the tendency still seems to be upward. Writers in some of the eastern and English financial papers have been warning their readers to "stand back from under," before the inevitable crash comes. "Meantime, the price of copper has also been forced skyward. A year ago it was quoted at about 11 cents a pound. By the close of 1898 it had worked up to about 13 cents, while today it is quoted at 18 cents. It is evident, to the most casual observer, that such an advance as this is not legitimate.

Some people are going to burn their fingers badly in copper stocks before the present year is much older.

If Dan Burns presumes that by hanging on he can wear out the patience of the people of the State and cause the newspapers to overlook his nefarious cause in the consideration of greater things he will find himself as vastly mistaken as he has been in his much vaunted ability to elect himself United States Senator. There is no one in California so impatient or so busy as to permit the election of Dan Burns, an act which would cast a cloud of dishonor over this commonwealth and cause good citizens to blush to call themselves Californians. The eagle eye of the populace and the press of the State continues to be fixed upon this attempt of an unfit man to burgle his way into the national Senate and his dark-lantern methods will not work. The opposition stands fast, and there it must continue to stand so long as the Burns infamy continues to menace.

The Spanish government has decided to prosecute Admiral Cervera for the loss of his fleet while attempting to escape from Santiago. If the Spaniards must have a scapegoat, they would better choose somebody else, in common decency, then brave, chivalrous old Cervera.

OF INTEREST TO FRUIT-GROWERS.

Fruit-growers throughout Southern California are sorry to learn that Gov. Gage has vetoed the Assembly bill appropriating a sum of \$10,000 for the expense of an expert to visit Australia, New Zealand and adjacent countries, for the purpose of securing parasites and predaceous insects for the benefit of the fruit-growers of the State. In vetoing the bill, the Governor indulged in a little sarcasm at the expense of the measure, the importance of which he does not seem to appreciate, considering that Mr. Gage comes from a part of the State which reaped such great benefit from an appropriation made by the State Legislature eight years ago, for the purpose of sending Prof. Koehbe to Australia, to procure a parasite which would rid the orange groves of California of the white cottony cushion scale. Those of us who were living here then remember how this scale had worked such havoc in the citrus-fruit groves that quite a number of orange-growers were about ready to abandon the industry in despair. The parasite which Mr. Koehbe brought over from Australia accomplished marvels in cleaning up the orchards, and within a brief period of time the white scale had disappeared so entirely that it was found necessary to secure and propagate a certain number of the scale in order to keep the parasites alive. Recently some of these parasites have been sent over to Portugal, by request of the government of that country, and have done good work in the orange groves there. It is stated that the bill which Gov. Gage has vetoed is an act of the law approved on March 31, 1891, under which Prof. Koehbe was sent abroad.

While the white scale has become a thing of the past in California, there are other insect enemies against which our horticulturists are forced to fight. Chief among these are the purple scale and the San José scale. The former has been increasing rapidly in this section during the past few years, and the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles county recently sent an expert to the Hawaiian Islands, at an expense of \$2500, for the purpose of collecting parasites to combat this pest. As to the San José scale, the damage done by that insect to the fruit industry of the State can scarcely be computed in dollars and cents. Such damage is not only direct, but indirect, for the reason that the reputation of this scale has been spread throughout Europe, and the danger greatly exaggerated, so that several European countries have adopted strict measures of exclusion against California fruits, for this reason.

Surely, when a great industry like this is threatened, it is not unreasonable to ask that the State should appropriate the moderate sum of \$10,000, for the discovery of a remedy along lines that have proved so efficacious in the past. We trust that means may yet be found to put through some such measure as this, which will meet the approval of the Governor, before the Legislature adjourns.

VOILING BY MACHINERY.

The Sacramento Record-Union, discussing the proposition to adopt voiling machines in California, indorses most of the comments made by THE TIMES on this subject in a recent article. The Record-Union says:

"In this connection it is worthy of special attention that the machine system has now been so far developed that on several machines, if not on most of them, a voter can do what is impossible for him to accomplish with the hand stamp, namely, change his vote in which number of respects before he leaves the booth."

"Under the hand system the stamp once applied, the mark cannot be removed, and only under certain and rare conditions can the elector neutralize the marking and make a new record. This is therefore a powerful reason for the machine use. Another feature now incorporated in many, if not all the machines, is that which permits of straight voting or single voting, at the will of the elector, which, as will be readily seen, may with both the present form of the ballot and the parallel column system advocated by the Record-Union, and in successful use in Indiana, Iowa and other States, and for which a bill is now pending in the Assembly—a bill that should pass, no matter what is done about the ballot machines."

The machine system presents an undoubted advantage in permitting the voter to change his vote with respect to one or more candidates, or to correct errors, before leaving the booth. Under the present system, if a voter makes a mistake in marking his ballot, he has no alternative but to call for a new ballot, and to mark it all over again. No voter is allowed to receive more than three ballots, one at a time. The machine system, on the other hand, would permit alterations and corrections prior to the final depositing of the ballot, or recording of the vote, would, therefore, be a distinct improvement over the present system.

But, for reasons which have heretofore been fully set forth in these columns, THE TIMES cannot approve a plan which permits the voter to vote a "straight" party ticket by merely making a mark or pressing a button. Such a plan, as we view the matter, places a premium on fraudulent voting—or, at least, makes such voting comparatively easy, and renders the identification of purchased ballots possible. There is nothing unreasonable in requiring the voter to designate, by some visible sign, the name of each of the candidates for whom he wishes to vote. No intelligent voter can reasonably complain of such a requirement. The voter who does not take interest enough in an election, or who lacks the intelligence to indicate the candidates of his choice, individually and separately, is hardly entitled to enjoy the privileges of the franchise.

The blanket plan is opposed to independent voting—though it does not,

in fact, make independent voting impossible. The independent voter is a man of intelligence, and upon the free exercise of his right of selection depends, in large part, the purity of the ballot and the triumph of right principles. Our election laws, and our system of voting, should keep steadily in view the interests and the convenience of the independent voter. Personal independence in the casting of the ballot should be encouraged in every possible way.

For these reasons, if the machine system invites or encourages the voting of blanket ballots, it contains an inherent defect, which should go far toward preventing its adoption in this or any other State.

PARKS AND BOULEVARDS.

For several years there has been, from time to time, talk about a systematic improvement of the parks of Los Angeles, and the construction of a chain of wide boulevards, connecting the various parks. These propositions have, so far, begun and ended in talk, but it is hoped that, now we have a new City Council, something more definite may be achieved, especially since the Mayor has declared himself as being in favor of judicious liberality in this direction.

The value of a fine system of parks and boulevards, apart from the pleasure they afford the city in which they are located, can scarcely be over-estimated. Several eastern cities have attained a national reputation by this means, and it is a well-founded opinion that the enhanced value of real estate in the neighborhood of these improvements has been far more than sufficient to pay for their cost, leaving the aesthetic side of the question for net profit.

Considering the exceptional advantages enjoyed by Los Angeles, in the shape of a climate which permits the cultivation of plants and trees that can only be raised in the East under special protection from the elements, it is somewhat remarkable that so little has yet been accomplished here in the way of park improvement. The question of expense should not be allowed to prove a stumbling block in this direction. First, because, as above stated, such improvements are more than returned to the city through the enhanced value of real estate, and, secondly, because as the main benefits from these parks and boulevards accrue to the coming generation, it is only fair that we should permit those who come after us to contribute the major share of the expense, which may be done in the shape of long-time bonds.

Without, however, waiting until a bond issue can be voted, and the work of constructing these improvements commenced on an extensive scale, there is one simple way in which a good beginning may be made in this direction. Rather more than a year ago a resolution was introduced and carried in the City Council that the chain gang, after a certain time, should be removed to Elysian Park and kept there. This should be done. It is not a pleasant sight to see these prisoners carted about the city every morning and evening. The Park Commissioners, acting on the suggestion of the Mayor, have recommended this course to the Council.

A portion of the chain gang was recently employed in the very necessary work of filling up some stagnant ponds adjoining Echo Park. After this is completed, a temporary or permanent barracks could be erected in the park, for the nominal sum, and these men could be worked there, making good bread drives around the hills. They could also complete the boardwalk, started at Fremont and extended through the entire park, which would probably make a five-mile drive, along which there are some of the finest views to be found in this or any other park. They could also be worked to a good advantage in making a boulevard up to Griffith Park.

We probably have the best natural foundation for parks of any city in the United States. Let us improve them as much as we can. Another advantage of this would be that while the chain gang is so employed County funds will not be continually snapping with each other for fear some one of them may get a little more work from the chain gang than the others do, and no citizen will object, for all will be benefited alike.

Eastern visitors, now in Los Angeles, do not need to have any lengthy essay read to them on the difference between the "glorious climate of California" and that which our eastern brethren are now "enjoying." They have only to read in the dispatches the descriptions of the condition of affairs which prevails east of the mountains, with temperatures ranging from zero to 50 deg. below, while they are, perhaps, sitting on a porch, in light summer costume, with a blossoming rosebush sheltering them from the rays of the sun.

"A costume worn with the coat off and the shirt sleeves rolled up" is recommended for public employes by the Chicago Record. Just now, with the thermometer ranging from 15 deg. below zero downward in the Windy City, this costume would seem to be slightly de rigueur.

As a winter resort, Colorado holds the palm, and all the other cards. It has winter to freeze, but as for burning, the Coloradans have to dig their way to the coal cars or get frost-bitten. We defer to Colorado as a winter resort.

The Chicago News says "another movement is on foot to provide Chicago with cheaper gas." The fact that the foot is a Chicago foot indicates that the movement may be an extensive one.

The name Calococan is somehow suggestive of the old Trojan who,

with his sons, was embraced by the snakes; in other words, the late lamented Calococan.

Consul Wildman's report that the Orient offers a great market for American wheels may have been taken as that of an expert who has 'em with him.

Another rich gold strike is reported in the Klondike region. Probably the patronage of the transportation lines was getting light.

Judging from the success he is having in shaking the plum tree, Senator Quay might as well have gone fishing some time ago.

The people of this country can now begin to see that President McKinley knew what he was keeping volunteers in Manila for.

Mrs. John A. Logan is said to be the originator of what are called "grip luncheons." They are likely to prove very taking.

Whether or not the Keely motor was run by air, there is no doubt that Keely had a peculiar knack of raising the wind.

It is worthy of note that Admiral Dewey has not materially changed his style of writing since May.

The Playhouses

THE BURBANK. An audience that filled the house, upstairs and down, greeted Janet Waldorf and her company last night in "As You Like It." The review of the play and players will appear in the morning. "As You Like It" will be repeated this evening, and "The Hunchback" goes on for tomorrow night, Wednesday matinee and Wednesday evening. "Twelfth Night" is scheduled for Thursday and Friday nights. "As You Like It" will be repeated at the Saturday matinee, and the week will close with the "Lady of Lyons" Saturday evening.

ORPHEUM. The star item for the coming week in vaudeville is "Clorindy, or the Origin of the Cake Walk," which goes on the bill tonight, and is said to be the greatest exposition of negro talent ever devised. Thirty picked colored experts being used in its presentation. The artistic novelty will be the violin playing of Mr. M. G. Glacini. Della Rocca, the peerless myriad mirror dancer, will commence her second week, and the violin playing of Mr. M. G. Glacini, the wonderful juggler, Wilson and Leicester, singers, and Carrol and Crawford, farce-comedy artists, complete the varied bill.

WOOL MADE FROM ROCK.

Sheep to Be Driven Out of Business by Indiana Limestone.

[Anderson (Ind.) Correspondence Chicago Inter Ocean.] When Moses smote the rock in the desert some 3400 years ago and caused water to gush forth to quench the thirst of the people of Israel, he had little idea that another man would come along and, with the staff of science, smite the rock and convert it into wool—wool that is destined to enter into competition with the sheep which have been producing the article for so many thousand years, and even in the time of Moses were utilized for that purpose.

C. C. Hall, formerly of St. Louis, but now connected with the Union Steel Company at Alexandria in the capacity of chemist for the big plants of that city, has accomplished this feat, and from a combination of 91 per cent. of limestone, chemicals, and one of the commonest of minerals, turns out pure, white wool—wool as white as the driven snow, and as downy as the fluffiest cotton—an article of many possibilities.

One of the largest weaving concerns in Massachusetts is making experiments with this new wool with the view of its adoption in the weaving of cloth and furnishings, insulating material for steam pipes, etc. Three months ago, while making experiments for limestone for his factory, Mr. Hall found that a certain kind of limestone, instead of turning to quicklime, as is the natural process of limestone when subjected to fire, would, instead, combine with other chemicals, turn into a lava, and when still other agencies were added and subjected to a process of working, this lava could be made perfect, malleable and handled much on the same plan as molten glass or taffy. This was the beginning. From it the process was pushed still further, and instead of getting simply a silicate fiber free from all sulphur, Hall got a downy wool, the possibilities of which, it seems, are almost unlimited. He is a man who does not talk much, and, being a chemist, he does not take anything for granted. He admits that as the finished silicate wool stands it is not suitable for the weaving of garments, and that possibly the fiber is not elastic enough, but the firm in Boston is attending to that matter, and the announcement is made that a factory is already formed for the erection of a very large plant at Alexandria to manufacture this wool, making it seem reasonable that the process is further advanced than its discoverer admits.

Hall's rock wool is just as white and soft as the wool the sheep produces. It has a very good fiber, and it can be produced much cheaper than sheep can be raised and clipped. There is no oil to be worked out, and in some respects the rock produces the best article. The new wool is not affected by water or fire, closely resembling asbestos in this respect. It can be washed and thrown on an open grate fire to dry without a mark of damage.

The Boston firm sees great possibilities for the discovery in the lines of manufacture. There are hundreds of uses aside from clothing for which cloth made from wool of this kind would be valuable. Fire curtains in theaters, for instance, are at present made of steel and of asbestos, but both are cumbersome, crude and expensive. A pretty smooth cloth on which scenes could be painted, the same as the flannel and muslins that are now used, and which at the same time would be a fire protection, could be made from the artificial wool. Used as a silicate fiber, it is adapted for any use in which insulation is needed. It can be wrapped around pipes to hold heat or cold, can be used as a noise-deadener for floors instead of clay, and can be utilized for increasing refrigerator cars, instead of the coke fire now used.

The rock from which it is manufactured, is to all appearances, common limestone, and is obtained from the quarries in and around Alexandria. It is the same stone used for buildings in Chicago. It is considered one of the best building, curbing and foundation stones Indiana produces, and is of a whitish-gray color. There is a series of very large quarries of this stone around Alexandria, and the supply is unlimited throughout this country.

DEADLY AVALANCHE.

HOMES AND OCCUPANTS WENT UNDER THE SNOW.

Two Gulches in Colorado Swept by the Slide and a Score of Lives Crushed Out.

THIRTEEN BODIES YET LOST.

THREE RECOVERED ALIVE, BUT EXPECTED TO DIE.

Icy Fetters That Bound the State Relaxed, and the Sun Shining Bright, Scene and Warm. Other Storm News.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DENVER (Col.), Feb. 12.—A special to the Republican from Silver Plume, Colo., says that two mighty avalanches combining into one, swept down Cherokee Gulch at 5 o'clock Sunday morning, carrying away a dozen or more fine buildings, cabins and machinery and causing great loss of life and damage to mine property.

How many dead bodies lie in this great mass of snow and debris will not be known before spring. Eight bodies are now at the morgue, two more persons are known to be lost and three have been taken out alive. The rescue party has only penetrated about fifteen feet into the mass of snow and wreckage piled up at the foot of the gulch to the depth of seventy-five feet. The dead are:

DOMINICK DESTAFINO, his wife and two children.
JOSEPH TONDENO.
PETER TONDENO.
JOHN TONDENO.
JEROME GUANANZI.
JOHN BRETTO.
ENRICO NAVARRA.
Injured:
TONY NEGRETTO.
JOSEPH TONDENO.
JOSEPH TONDENO.

WORST YET TO COME.

The worst has not come. Only about a third of the enormous drift piled upon the mountain broke away. A drift about one hundred feet in height still clings to the mountain side, and should it become loosened, the upper end of the town is in danger of destruction. The slide today started in what is known as Cherry Creek Gulch. It swept over the Pelican mines tunnel-house, carrying away the mine dumps and buildings and filling the entire valley.

As the slide reached the main gulch, the snow in Swallow Hen Gulch, on the opposite mountain, broke away and rushed down to Cherokee Gulch. Here the two avalanches met and continued their course toward the town. The remainder of the snow on the mountain sides start to fall. Every available man from Silver Plume and Georgetown are now digging for the bodies of the missing.

STORM'S FURY SPENT.

Sun Shining in Colorado and the Railway Tracks Cleared.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DENVER, Feb. 12.—The indications tonight are that the storm which has held Colorado helpless in its embrace for the past two weeks has exhausted itself. Today was pleasant in Denver, the sun shone almost all day, and during the noon hours was warm enough to melt the snow. The storm which enabled the railroad people to prosecute more vigorously the work of clearing their tracks of deep snow.

It is announced by the Denver and Rio Grande officials that at 4 o'clock this afternoon that they had succeeded in opening the system with the exception of the Blue River branch, from Leadville to Dillon. The road is now clear over Marshall Pass, and tonight all Rio Grande trains will start on schedule time. All delayed trains are again moving without interruption.

STORM AT NEW YORK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Last night's storm was characterized more by the biting wind that accompanied the falling of the snow. The North and East rivers were blocked with ice, the Hudson river was frozen across the upper part of the city. The Harlem River is frozen solid north from the Harlem bridge.

WOMAN'S SIGN FOR A POCKET.

How dear to this heart are the old-fashioned dresses.

When fond recollection presents them to the mind, and the old wardrobe and presses which held the loved gowns that in girlhood I knew.

The wide-spreading molar, the silk that was browned by the sun, the trimmings of brown and blue, the plaid organdie high lit.

But, oh, for the pocket that hung in each gown.

The old-fashioned pocket, the obsolete pocket.

The praiseworthy pocket that hung in each gown.

That dear, roomy pocket I'd hail as a treasure.

Could I but behold it in gowns of today: I'd find it the source of an exquisite pleasure.

But all my modesties sternly answer me: "No, I know."

Would be so convenient when going out shopping.

"Twould be my small purchases coming from town."

And always my purse or my kerchief I'm dropping.

Oh, me! For the pocket that hung in my gown!

The old-fashioned pocket, the obsolete pocket.

The praiseworthy pocket that hung in my gown.

A gown with a pocket! How fondly I'd guard it!

Each day ere I'd don it I'd brush it with care.

Not a full Paris costume could make me discern it.

Though trimmed with the latest in Em-pire.

But I have no hope, for the fashion is banished.

The tear of regret will my fond visions drown;

As fancy reverts to the days that have flown.

I sigh for the pocket that hung in my gown.

The old-fashioned pocket, the obsolete pocket.

The praiseworthy pocket that hung in my gown.

—(Carmel Wells in Jamestown Journal.)

CALIFORNIA'S BLACKLIST.

Here are the names of the men who are voting day after day in the Legislature for the election of Dan Burns, the man with a record, to the Senate of the United States. They are here plainly printed, that their constituents and fellow-citizens may remember who they are in the years to come. The Times will help them to remember.

SENATORS.

BETTMAN, San Francisco.
BURNETT, San Francisco.
BOY, San Francisco.
LAIRD, Shasta.
LEAVITT, Alameda.
SHORTBRIDGE, Santa Clara.
WOLFE, San Francisco.
ASSEMBLYMEN.
ARNERICH, Santa Clara.
BARRY, San Francisco.
BROCK, Shasta.
CARR, San Francisco.
DEVOTO, San Francisco.
DUBBLE, San Francisco.
HENRY, San Francisco.
JASON, Shastan.
JOHNSON, Sacramento.
KELLEY, Alameda.
KESEY, Santa Clara.
KENNEALLY, San Francisco.
LUNDQUIST, San Francisco.
MCKEEN, Alameda.
MILLER, San Francisco.
PIERCE, Santa Clara.
RICKARD, San Francisco.
EUGENE SULLIVAN, San Francisco.
WRIGHT, Alameda.

MIDWINTER NUMBER.

"Very Valuable."

[New Holland (Pa.) Clarion.] We are in receipt of a copy of the Midwinter Number of the Los Angeles, Cal., Times for January 1. It is an immense paper of 118 pages, with an elaborately designed cover in colors. It is profusely illustrated with views of the city and its surroundings, public buildings, private homes, business places, etc., and its description of that admirable section is very interesting. The number is very valuable, and reflects much credit upon the editors and publishers of the Times.

So Good It Was Stolen.

[Dowry Champion.] We have seen much commendation of the Midwinter Times by the press, but as good things, literary, disappear frequently from our exchange table, we

The Times
THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Feb. 12.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.15; at 5 p.m., 30.16. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 46 deg. and 66 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 75 per cent.; 5 p.m., 40 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north-west, velocity 6 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 2 miles. Maximum temperature, 71 deg.; minimum temperature, 46 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12, 5 p.m.—Weather conditions and general remarks: The following are the seasonal rainfalls to date as compared with those of same date last season, and rainfall in last twenty-four hours:
Stations—Last twenty-four hours season season
Red Bluff 12.06 9.30
Eureka 13.25 7.75
Sacramento 7.85 6.85
San Francisco 7.77 5.85
Fresno 7.20 5.85
San Luis Obispo 7.20 3.90
Los Angeles 2.90 4.15
San Diego 1.14 1.25
Yuma 1.14 1.25
San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 56 deg.; minimum temperature, 45 deg.; mean temperature, 50 deg.
The weather is generally cloudy over the country west of the Rocky Mountains except in eastern Arizona, where it is clear. Rain is falling throughout Washington and northern Oregon. The pressure is highest over North Dakota, and lowest off the Washington coast. The barometer has fallen quite rapidly east of the Sierra Nevada and Cascade mountains. It has risen slowly along the entire coast. The temperature has risen generally in all districts.
Conditions are favorable for partly cloudy weather in California on Monday.
Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours ending midnight, February 13: 1 Northern California: Partly cloudy Monday, probably with light showers on the extreme northern coasts; fresh northwest wind.
Southern California: Partly cloudy Monday; fresh west wind.
Arizona: Partly cloudy Monday; warmer northern portion.
San Francisco and vicinity: Partly cloudy Monday; fresh northwest wind; warmer.
Mount Tamalpais reports: Partly cloudy, wind northwest, 21 miles, temperature 54, maximum temperature 58.
GALLANT BIRD IS DEAD.
Policemen Mourn for Dewey, Their Pet Eagle.
Dewey is dead, long live Dewey. It is not the naval hero who has expired, but that noble bird, the emblem of American liberty, which for several months has been the pet and pride of the city Police Station. The namesake of the hero of Manila succumbed on his perch at the station early last evening, and when the death was announced not a dry eye was to be found in the building, excepting those of one man. Even Matron Gray grieved for the bird. Capt. Roberts groined, and Clerk Hensley fairly wept.
Only one man out of all the finest, who make up the city police force, refused to sorrow over the demise of the feathered pet. That man was Detective Auble, who still bears the marks of Dewey's talons on his thigh. He did mourn, nevertheless, for the eagle, however, but for the trousers that the bird ruined on the occasion of its capture in the mountains of Kern county last summer. He is now, since he was a source of worry and grief to the valiant detective that the eagle did not rejoice that it had been so fortunate as to be captured by a party of policemen, but instead resented its displeasure by tearing great rents in his leg coverings, which rents did not stop at the coverings.
Dewey was ill for some time prior to his death, and Officer Tom Rice, who volunteered to act as a bird doctor, pronounced the disease to be pneumonia. He says he heard the bird cough several days before he died. He was in the basement of the Police Station at the time, and he ought to know, although some of his brother officers spurn such an idea as ridiculous. But whether Dewey coughed or did not cough, he was sick. He refused to take his food, but sat sorrowfully on his perch from day to day, slowly pining away until death overcame him shortly after 7 o'clock.
Although Patrol Driver McKenzie does not make any pretensions of being a veterinary surgeon, nor yet a bird doctor, he differs with Rice, and declares that the policeman's pet died for lack of live meat to tear with his claws. Dewey was a ferocious bird when captured, and although used to prying upon live food, never before since his attempt to investigate a coyote trap, which attempt caused his detention in a police station, has the noble bird been given a chance to tear live meat. That one instance was not free from hindrance, however, because Dewey was forced to select two thicknesses of cloth before reaching his prey. McKenzie may, therefore, be right, but regardless of the cause of death, Dewey will be given a respectable interment, and will be mourned by the entire department.
KILLED AT MANILA.
Corp. Henry M. Thompson of Los Angeles County.
Among the heroes who fell in the recent battle of Manila was Corp. Henry M. Thompson, who spent nearly all the years of his life on a ranch several miles south of this city, and who had many friends and acquaintances in Los Angeles. He was a member of Co. M, Fourteenth Regiment, and enlisted at San Francisco last summer, shortly after the war broke out. Corp. Thompson was a cousin of Charles Turney, No. 214 Boyd street, this city, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Thompson, who now reside at Edna, San Luis Obispo county.
The young soldier, fired by patriotic zeal to serve his country, enlisted against the wishes of his parents, and the parting, when the transport which bore him and others to the distant Philippines, seemed, to an affecting eye, the news that he was cut down by an insurgent bullet was such a shock to Mrs. Thompson that she was prostrated, and it is feared that she cannot recover.
MOVEMENTS OF SHIPPING.
Coast Vessels on the Way.
FOR SAN PEDRO.
Vessel—Where from, date sailed.
Co. Challenger—Port Gambier, Feb. 2.
Co. Comet—Port Gambier, Feb. 2.
Co. F. S. Redfield—Port Gambier, Feb. 2.
Co. Navarino—Port Gambier, Feb. 2.
Co. Ranger—Port Gambier, Jan. 12.
Co. Serena Thayer—Astoria, Jan. 25.
Deep-water Vessels Nearly Due.
FOR SAN DIEGO.
City of Madrid, British ship, 157 tons, Capt. J. M. Connelley, for San Diego, from Commercial Co., 18 days out Feb. 1.
Caroline City, British ship, Capt. Allen, from Hongkong, for California and Oriental Steamship Co., 18 days out Feb. 1.
THE LADY UNDERTAKE.
Mrs. M. H. Connelley takes charge of all police and children that are entrusted to her care.
ORR & HINES, Tel. M. 65.
S. B. KILLAM, TAILOR.
located at 10 West Second street. Business suits to order, \$15; pants, \$5.50.

CRY IN PUBLIC.
Silver Republicans Indorse the Old Wild Cat Scheme.
Nathan Cole managed Saturday night to corral in Turner Hall seventy-one men and women for the reorganization of his Silver Republican Club, and he proceeded to reconstruct the organization in admitted violation of its own constitution and bylaws.
The assembly was a composite picture of the dissatisfied. There were present a small sprinkling of former Representatives, a number of ex-Democrats, while even the Prohibitionists were represented by Will D. Joell, who was thrown out of the leadership of that organization a few years since. But there seemed to be standing room for all the outcasts of the other parties provided only that they assented to the regulation that was readopted indorsing the wild scheme of sixteen to one.
When it came to the election of new officers, the organization adhered to its tenets, as it selected as president a man about sixteen times as corpulent as the average member, that honor being conferred on Judge J. N. Phillips.
The election was scarcely over when a young man who had just entered arose and called attention to the fact that the constitution and bylaws were being violated. He was sat down on very promptly, however, by the declaration that an organization which could create a constitution could violate it if it saw best.
An amendment was made to the constitution and bylaws, though why this was deemed necessary in view of the facility with which it could be aside was not apparent. It provided that when 100 members of the club should agree to such act, the officers could be ousted.
At this point another headless youngster got in his way by inquiring whether it would be possible to ever get 100 members together. No one had the temerity to claim that this would be possible, and yet the provision went through. This was in striking contrast with the claim of ex-President Cole that the organization has 7000 members.
After the transaction of the business, the privilege of crying in public was dishied out to a number of people in allotments of ten minutes each.
FOUND DEAD IN BED.
Morphine Causes Demise of a Traveling Man.
Eugene Berendsen, a traveling man, representing the Monmouth Pottery Company of Monmouth, Ill., was found dead in bed in a lodging-house at No. 328 1/2 North Main street early yesterday evening. Morphine poisoning is thought to have caused his death, although whether it is a case of suicide or an accidental demise cannot be known until a coroner's jury has decided the fact. Three empty morphine tablet boxes and three tablets were found by the side of the bed. The remains were taken to Garrett's undertaking parlor at No. 320 North Main street, where an inquest will be held this morning.
Berendsen's identity was learned from a letter of introduction from Bradstreet's New York office. The epitaph was addressed to the subscribers of Bradstreet's New York office, the Monmouth firm, which is one of the subscribers.
The traveling man rented a room at the lodging-house Thursday afternoon, telling the landlady that he would stay a week. He retired early Saturday morning, and yesterday being Sunday, nothing was thought of the fact that he lay abed till late. When, however, he had not left his room at 6 o'clock yesterday, the landlady attempted to gain an entrance to the apartment with a latch key. The room key inserted in the lock on the inside of the door prevented her entrance, and after repeated knocking and calling, to which she received no response, she called to the side of the bed, where she found Berendsen dead. His body was cold, and the room was in disorder. The three morphine boxes had been purchased from many drug stores in Los Angeles, and three wrappers, which appeared to have been around them, were found close by the side of the bed. Berendsen had been well dressed, and in one of his pockets was found a return railroad ticket to San Dimas, which had been issued February 5. He was about 35 years old.
Two claim checks for answers to advertisements in yesterday morning's papers were found in the pockets of the dead man. The advertisements in question were for the sale of an orange grove.
Inquest Over a Newboy.
An inquest over the remains of Clarence A. Prentice, the six-year-old newboy who was killed by an electric car on the Grand-avenue line at the corner of Sixth and Spring streets, resumed in a verdict of death due to being knocked down by the railway car. The boy was knocked down by a team driven by an unidentified man, and thrown in front of the car, which crushed out his life. Saturday evening, at the inquest, held at the Dexter Sampson Company's undertaking rooms on South Spring street yesterday afternoon, the driver of the team failed to appear, but testimony was given by the conductor and motorman of the car which killed the boy.
Business in Mexico.
H. B. Layton of the Mexican Wood and Development Company is at the Westminster for the winter. The company furnishes the fuel for the city of Guaymas, Mex., and has its own steamers and docks, and owns a big tract of land about sixty miles north of Guaymas. The wood is mesquite and sells at retail for about 3 cents per stick. Mr. Layton has spent years in Mexico and says that business men there recognize the value of the new steamship line projected. He thinks that it is a little early yet for capital to do much in Mexico, save in mining. The advent of steamers and the improvement of desert irrigable lands will do much toward improving the business possibilities of the country, he says.
Lost, Strayed and Stolen.
Two downtown cigar stands have been looted recently, and a number of petty larceny cases of recent date have been reported to the police. Morrison Schwan, who operates a cigar stand at No. 242 South Broadway, says he has been relieved of a quantity of chewing gum and cigarettes by thieves, while J. Roth, who follows a similar occupation at the corner of Fifth and Spring streets, reported that his stand had been robbed of \$3.50 and fifty cents in loose change. Joseph Linhart is mourning for a silver watch which was stolen from his room at No. 104 East Second street, and F. Seeborg is indignant because some one has appropriated a license tag from his dog's collar.

Do You Know
Will buy a \$1.00 colored Bosom shirt at "our store" today? Regularly we do not sell Fancy shirts less than \$1.00. Broken lines tell the story. There's about 10 dozen, all with cuffs to match, some worth \$1.50. It will also buy a splendid garment in underwear, soft, smooth finished merino, 75 per cent pure wool, gray or camelhair color. We sell underwear from 50c to \$7.50 per garment.

MR. DOOLEY
In Peace and War
\$1.25.

Another large supply has just been received at.....

PARKER'S, 246 South Broadway
(Near Public Library)
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

Closed today but open tomorrow at 309 S. Spring St.

Free!
This Week Only.
In order to introduce my new parlors I will give away, absolutely free, a

Pair of my famous \$1 Crystal Lenses
that have become so popular lately among spectacle-wearers. Of course, with such a liberal offer I must charge 50c for testing and examining the eyes.

J. P. Delany, EXPERT OPTICIAN
Graduate N. Y. Ophthalmic College

APPETITE.
You will always relish your meals if you drink

FRUNUTTO.
California Fruit Coffee.
TRY IT.

BENSON'S
It is the best POROUS PLASTER

ONE BOX CURES ALL
ONE APPLICATION RELIEVES. Sore throat, tonsillitis, inflammation of the throat, and all other throat troubles. It is the best remedy for all throat troubles. It is the best remedy for all throat troubles. It is the best remedy for all throat troubles.

The Cause
Of headaches, inflammation of the eyes, and all other eye troubles. It is the best remedy for all eye troubles. It is the best remedy for all eye troubles. It is the best remedy for all eye troubles.

For Sale by All Grocers.
THE FRUIT-ON COMPANY, Los Angeles, Cal.

2d Anniversary Sale.
NO STRING ON OUR DELIVERY.
This sale comes at an opportune time. As we are now contemplating enlarging our store and wish to reduce our stock to a minimum, at the following prices indicate. This sale is to continue two weeks, and we propose to give all a chance, as our stock is sufficient, so if you haven't the money today or tomorrow come next week.

WE SELL DEALERS.

Sugar
21 pounds for..... \$1.00

Soda
Pound packages 4 1/2 c

Coffee
15c Rio, 2 pounds..... 25c

Tomatoes
New pack, large cans 7c

Crackers
Bishop's, Crisp, pound..... 6c

Sugar Corn
Per can, by the doz..... 7 1/2 c

Bacon
Sugar Cured, pound..... 8c

Peas
Eastern, per can..... 6 1/2 c

Bread
Four 5 cent loaves..... 10c

Soap
Well-known Rex Brand, 15 for..... 25c

Salt
3-lb sacks cut to 3c

Oats
Best Eastern, 9 lbs..... 25c

Catsup
Snider's, best made, bottle..... 10c

Ham, Rex
Deviled, per doz..... 41c

Tea
40c Japan, cut to, lb..... 29c

Starch
Well-known Magic..... 4 1/2 c

Mustard
Prepared sort bottle..... 4c

Chocolate
Ghirardelli's per cake..... 3 1/2 c

Beans
22 lbs new Ventura for..... 50c

Wheat
Best, 23 pounds..... 50c

Phone 11, 950. 623 South Broadway.

H. JEVNE
A SPLENDID OLIVE OIL
Did you know that "La Crescenta" Olive Oil, made in California of California olives, is equal to imported olive oils at imported prices? For table or medicinal use it has no superior. It is clear, lustrous, and nothing but the pure juice of the olive. Many good judges say it is really superior to Italian and French oils. Make a trial of it.
Smoke Jevne's Good Cigars.
208-210 S. Spring St. — Wilcox Building.

Don't Patch the Old Hose,
For it won't last long, besides it is very trying to your temper. You can buy a new one now that will give you pleasure to use. One that you won't be ashamed to see lying on your lawn, at

Popular Prices—

JAS. W. HELLMAN. Successor to W. C. Furrey Co.
157 to 161 N. SPRING ST.

There is no Need of Paying High Prices
FOR FINE Dental Work. Our modern methods enable us to do the very best dental work of all kinds without pain, at prices within the reach of all.

Flexible Rubber Dental Plates
Have many advantages over the old, thick, cumbersome, ordinary rubber plates, and even over gold plates, being much lighter and thinner. These plates are flexible, only a trifle thicker than heavy writing paper, fit closer and adhere better to the roof of the mouth. Particles of food and small seeds cannot get under them. They will last longer, are stronger than any others and will not break, as they will give first, being flexible. Dr. Schiffman's own process and made ONLY by us. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case of plain work.

EXTRACTING FREE— When best plates are ordered. ALL our work is guaranteed to be the very best. None better can be had anywhere, no matter how much you pay.

Consultation and examination free. Lady attendants for ladies and children. Open evenings and Sunday 1-noon.

CHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,
107 N. Spring St.

There is no Need of Paying High Prices
A son of Governor McCord of Arizona says: It affords me pleasure to add my name to the list of fortunate ones who have had teeth extracted without a particle of pain by Dr. Schiffman. His method certainly robs the dental chair of all its horrors.
C. J. McCORD, Yuma, A. T.

I have just had nine roots taken out by the Schiffman Method; they were extracted without the slightest pain, and I heartily recommend it to all.
D. C. MORRISON, Judge Police Court.

On account of some unfortunate experience I had in the extraction of my teeth I became a great coward in this respect. Dr. Schiffman extracted one of my very refractory teeth without causing me one particle of pain.
D. K. TRASK, Attorney, Fulton Block.

It is with pleasure that I state that I have had several teeth filled by Dr. Schiffman, and that he killed and extracted the nerve and filled the root of one of my teeth, and put on a porcelain crown, which cannot be distinguished from a natural tooth all of which was done without pain.
JUD. R. RUSH, Fulton Block, 207 New High St.

The method of extracting teeth used by Dr. Schiffman is absolutely painless.
CHARLES T. HEALEY, Baker Block, Los Angeles.

AUCTION!
Trustee's Sale **W. S. Allen**
Stock of.....
Fine Furniture, Curtains, etc.,
345-347 South Spring Street.
Elegant Mahogany Bedroom Set, worth \$175, and Mahogany Davenport, worth \$75, will be sold at auction today at 3 p.m.
EVERY DAY AT 2 P. M.
The best remains to be sold.
JNO. J. FAY, JR., Trustee.

Use McCall Patterns
Counterfeit Dry Goods
MORE ABOUT WASH GOODS.
We are proud to invite you to examine and enjoy a variety of Wash Dress Goods that is matchless in extent, variety, novelty and beauty, at least so far as California goes. Germany, England, France, Ireland, Scotland and our America join hands to seat Queen Cotton on a higher throne in the domain of Dress Goods. The Percaloes, Piques, Zephyrs, Madras, Gingham and a host of others from the great cotton family clamor for your attention—bright and sombre colors, grave or dashing styles, neat and dainty, gay and gorgeous. Which will you have? Select quick while assortments retain their rose garden freshness. Pique Parasols to match the pique dress materials are shown here—and here only.

317-325 SOUTH BROADWAY,
Between Third and Fourth Streets.

SAVINGS MAKES SUCCESS.
The highest places in life are filled only by successful men. Successful men are those who spend a little less than they earn. The Union Bank of Savings offers you exceptional advantages. We accept deposits of any size and pay you interest on money deposited. 1150 people opened accounts with us last year. We should be glad to have you come in any time.

Union Bank of Savings
223 SOUTH SPRING. Next to Los Angeles Theater.

Blue Flame and Gasoline Cook Stoves,
Cass & Smurr Store Company
314-316 South Spring Street.

CALIFORNIA CYCLEWAY COMPANY
HORACE M. DOBBINS, President; HENRY H. MARKHAM, Vice-President; W. R. STEVENSON, Secretary; ERNEST H. FAY, Treasurer. Main office, Pasadena, Cal. Stock \$20.00 per share and an annual pass. For complete information, address main office or any of the following agents:
Avery Cycles, 410 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
Chaffin & Fairbanks, 634 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
Hawley, King & Co., 501-503 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
Fulker, Boggs & Fuller, 516-518 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
Haupt, Svade & Co., 604 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.
A. E. Maines Mfg. Co., 438 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.
Spier Cycles Co., 438 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.
W. K. Cowan, 307 W. Fifth St., Los Angeles, Cal.
C. C. Post, 438 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.
Cleveland Cycle Co., 325 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Ocean Wonders!
50-cent Lined Sea Urchin and Shell Card Receivers reduced to 40 cts. each. Scientific Shells—name and locality given to all shells.

WINKLER'S CURIOS, 346 S. Broadway.

Vollmer's Discount Sale.
Lamp Days
Monday and Tuesday.
Everything arranged for quick picking and much chance for rich picking—as for prices—well, if you made them yourselves we would probably get more.

Sample Values.
\$10.00 Lamps now..... \$8.00
\$6.40 Lamps now..... \$6.72
\$7.85 Lamps now..... \$6.35
\$7.10 Lamps now..... \$6.58
\$5.25 Lamps now..... \$4.39
\$4.00 Lamps now..... \$3.30
\$1.75 Lamps now..... \$1.32
\$1.75 Lamps now..... \$1.41

EXTRA SPECIAL.
Nickel B. & H. Lamp complete with shade..... \$1.00
Worth \$1.50.

H. F. Vollmer & Co.,
DIRECT IMPORTERS—116 S. SPRING ST.

Counterfeit Teeth. Artificial plates that fit properly, bring the wear comfortably, good service natural expression, easy articulation, and that secure feeling that when they are in place they are going to stay there. All of these things that perfect fit bestows—nothing else sacrifices. I make plates that fit. Experienced skill and skilled expert make plates to be sure about it. All kinds of good materials at all kinds of fair prices—but always perfect in fit.

Dr. M. E. Spinks
THE DENTIST

SO. CAL. FURNITURE CO.,
312-314 South Broadway.

Questions of Law.

[This department is edited by J. C. Welles, author of "The Adjudicator," "Questions of Law and Fact," "Separate Property of Married Women," "Jurisdiction of Courts," etc. All questions of general public interest will be answered in this column. Others will be answered by special charge if stamp is enclosed for reply.]

Mrs. F. G. H. writes: My father just married again after my mother had been dead only seven months, much against the wishes of his children. He died a piece of property, an empty lot, valued at \$300. What law allows her in case my father dies without leaving a will? Can she come in for half of what property there is left? Can his children compel him to make a will? It is all community property.

There is no way of compelling the making of a will. This must be directly a voluntary act; even undue influence in regard to it will annul it. As to the deceased lot, that is hers. As to the community property left at the husband's death she is entitled to her interest in that also.

J. W. M. writes: If a man owning a ranch and living on it files a declaration of homestead for the benefit of himself and wife, then after a number of years on account of ill-health of wife, he goes with her to the city, hiring a man and wife to take charge of the ranch during his absence, he leaving the most of his household furniture and goods and stocks and implements on the ranch, with the intention in the future of returning, does he forfeit the benefits of his declaration of homestead? He is actually being on the place, he is away working at different things to partly pay his living. He also registered and voted in the city, by being away he forfeits his rights do they become good again if he returns and lives on the ranch without renewing his declaration?

The declaration of homestead would not be impaired by the circumstances of absence which name. If the wife acts of registering and voting in the city he declared his residence to be in the city and not on the ranch. This would be an abandonment of the homestead, and necessary to renew the declaration and claim of homestead to make the homestead available.

L. F. asks: After having held a record mortgage on a piece of property, the first mortgage taking the property on a strict foreclosure, there any process of law by which a person could obtain judgment for the amount of the second mortgage; or, in other words, does a person lose a mortgage, on a strict foreclosure, notwithstanding the fact that the interest was paid promptly?

On strict foreclosure the entire interest of the mortgage is absorbed or exhausted, so that nothing is left for the second mortgage to attach to. It is therefore extinct; but the debt itself is not thereby impaired, only the security.

W. H. C. writes: A man dies leaving his widow and three children the home property. Later one of the heirs sells his share of the estate to the other two children, and the interest, the release becoming a matter of record. Of the other two children, one dies, leaving no issue, the other marries and, dying, leaves two children. The widow sells the estate, it being necessary that a guardian be appointed for the grandchildren to enable the widow to give a clear title to the property. By the proceeds of this sale the widow buys other property with her own and the money of the children, which property is entirely in her name. If the widow dies can the heir who disposed of the share in the original estate make valid claim to all or any portion of the present estate? Can the property be left him by will?

When the heir sold his interest to the other two he had no further claim upon it; until his brother died, the issue. Then he was entitled to a distributive share of the interest of the decedent; the two children of the other brother who died stood in the place of the parent.

Even with a guardian for the two children (minor) the widow could not sell her interest without a direct authority of the court. If she did so, she holds their interest in trust for them; and there seems to be a resulting trust in favor of the brother, unless he has released his interest.

The property can be left him by will so far as adult interests are concerned, but not as to the interests of the two minor children.

J. G. A. writes: (1) What is the difference between (a) United States courts, (b) the United States district courts, (c) the Federal courts, (d) the United States Federal courts, (e) the United States Circuit Court, or are they different names for the same thing? (2) Is their jurisdiction superior to that of the Supreme courts of the various States? (3) Also do appeals lie from the ordinary Common Pleas courts? (4) Are all the courts in a Territory—like Arizona—United States Courts? If so, is there any appeal from their decision, and to what court?

The courts of a Territory are United States courts; although some of the inferior courts in Arizona may be established by the Territorial Legislature, but not so in other Territories, although in others the judicial officers are paid by the Territories.

The United States courts are all Federal courts. First, as to the system of national courts, there are commissioners, who are a kind of committing magistrate. There are also circuit courts of criminal jurisdiction; Circuit courts of civil jurisdiction; Circuit courts of appeals; the United States Supreme Court. Appeals do not ordinarily lie from the Supreme Courts of the States; only when a national question is involved in the controversy. But appeals can be taken from the Supreme courts of the Territories in some cases to the Circuit courts of Appeals, in other cases to the United States Supreme Court. The Supreme courts of the States have final jurisdiction in all exclusive State matters.

Sometimes, the United States have jurisdiction because of the residences of the parties being in different States.

Mrs. M. W. writes: A rents a store with a glass front; after a few months he removes it (without permission from the owner), and replaces the same with a screen front, after which he sells to B, who now threatens to remove it and leave the store without any front. What are the owner's rights and the tenant's? A wanted a shed built in the rear of the store. He paid for half the lumber, the owner the other half and also built it. Can B remove any portion of it?

During the term of the lease neither the lessor nor the lessee can make any change in the premises to the detriment of the other; and it is the same as to improvements made by mutual consent, and especially when the improvements are made at mutual cost.

Mrs. H. M. M. writes: I gave a small note in 1892 and one in 1896 and none of the principal has been paid, but I have paid up the interest. Now if the one who holds the note dies, in fact he has passed on to the other side now, can the heirs collect the notes by law? There is no security given in the notes, only our names signed.

Under the general principles of the

law of limitations an indorsement of part payment on a note does not bar, but not in California, so that the notes in question cannot be collected after the lapse of four years from the dates, according to 20 Cal. 100. Prior to this decision the court held the exact contrary.

F. H. T.—All the statutes of California, as well as the statutes elsewhere, are subject to the general principle of statutory law that statutes have no extra-territorial force. Hence California cannot treat as void a marriage entered into in another State within twelve months after divorce in California. This is well settled by all the decisions which have been rendered on the New York statute of divorce.

T. W. P.—It has been held in an old case (20 Cal. 100), that an indorsement of payment on a promissory note does not extend the period of limitations. I believe if the question were again to recur, however, that case would be overruled. It is contrary to the general doctrine prevalent in other States and to the current of California decisions previously rendered.

T. L. O.—There is always a moral obligation to pay a debt. And it is not morally honest to rely upon the statute of limitation in order to escape the payment of a just debt that has never been discharged. The statute in itself, however, is eminently right. It means merely that it will not assist one whose claim has become stale by his negligence to enforce it, hence a new promise in writing will remove the bar. And so the Supreme Court has declared that the moral obligation to pay an indebtedness is not extinguished by the statute of limitations, and even though the debt is barred the debtor cannot recover property pledged to secure its payment without first paying the debt, and where the objection of the statute is made the court may order the pledged property to be sold to satisfy the indebtedness (99 Cal. 57).

T. M. D. R.—In proceedings to divest individuals of their property for public use, statutes allowing it must be strictly construed in favor of the individual right; but in the exercise of the powers conferred such statutes should be liberally construed so as to effect the purpose for which the property is taken, so as to practically carry that purpose out into full operation.

L. O. M.—Records are of necessity conclusive, even when publicly recognized. The fact that a way is printed on the map of a city as public street does not preclude one from claiming that there had never been a dedication by the owner to the city and no use by the public, and asserting his claim as owner of the ground as a private way (93 Cal. 500; 100 Cal. 308).

R. D.—A municipal corporation is not liable for damages caused by the prevention of the flow of surface water by the raising of a street to the grade established by law, where such surface water does not run in a natural channel, but is caused by the place on the lot and not in the street, and the only remedy to prevent the accumulation of the water is by the owner's raising the lot to level with the street, which the city is not bound to do; and not by an action against the city to abate the nuisance. But the city is not authorized to place any obstruction across the channel of a natural water course without taking the necessary precautions for the escape of water flowing therein; and if the water is backed upon private property by means of an embankment erected in the grading of a street, and it does not provide for the escape of the water by means of a permanent sewer, or some other channel of escape in lieu thereof, it is liable to an action by the owner of the property flooded to abate the obstruction as a nuisance and to recover the damages thereby sustained.

S. A. E.—A board of supervisors has only limited powers. No order made by such a board is valid or binding unless it is authorized by law. Nor can a board by resolution transfer any of its appropriate functions to a clerk.

D. L. M.—A guardian's sureties cannot be sued until his accounts are settled by the probate court.

M. L.—An attaching creditor can acquire no greater right than the defendant had in the attached property at the time the attachment was levied; and if the property is such a situation that the defendant has lost his power over it, or if he has not yet acquired it, he cannot be compelled to pay over it as to permit him to dispose of it adversely to others, it cannot be attached for his debt. A mortgage has no attaching interest in the property mortgaged. In some States, however, such interest is by statute expressly subjected to attachment.

D. T. O.—In general the compromise of litigation by a client cannot affect the rights of the attorney under a retainer, though he cannot obtain compensation, though he cannot obtain any better title than the client had, and of that the other party and those claiming under him with notice cannot complain. An attorney cannot present a compromise by his client, but neither the client nor the opposite party having knowledge of his rights can so compromise the action as to defeat the rights of the attorney in the subject of the action.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer:] The fat boarder groaned softly as he watched the landlady hand around the cold chicken. He saw his finish. It would never be a section of the back or a piece of the landlady's much of a favorite with the landlady.

"I am not," he sorrowfully remarked, "a man of ambitious longings. I care nothing for the career of states or the applause of thousands. But it never struck me so forcibly as now that I am a President."

"And why this evening?" inquired the unsuspecting landlady.

"Because the President," said the fat boarder with an unctuous fervor, "because the President whenever he dines—especially when he dines—his stomach is invariably waited upon first."

And he took his section of back with a heavy sigh.

Vaudivallany. [Indianapolis Journal:] "George Washington," said the gentleman with the green whiskers, "was buried standing."

"And for why was George Washington buried standing?" asked the gentleman in the bald wig.

"Because," said the gentleman with the green whiskers, "they knew not how to make him lie."

"By the orchestra," "Um-tiddy-um-tum-um-tum."

Under the general principles of the

ONE RECORD SMASHED.

CYCLE RACES AT SAN FRANCISCO AUSPICIOUSLY BEGUN.

Good Coaching Events at San Jose and Sacramento—Golden Gate Baseball Club Defeated by the Santa Clara Nine—Other Notes of Interest to Sportsmen.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, February 12.—A goodly crowd greeted the cycle races at Mechanics' Pavilion tonight. The event of the evening was a one-mile match race between Orlando Stevens of Ottumwa, Iowa, and Jay Eaton of Elizabeth, N. J., paced for six laps by Fournier on his motor cycle. Stevens won the first heat in 2:04 1-5, and the second heat and the match in 1:59 3-5. The first semi-final of the professional tandem pursuit race resulted in the making of a new world's indoor record, Cotter and Downing defeating Lawson and Julius in 1:59 4-5. The final resulted in a victory for Cotter and Downing over Stevens and Goodman in 1:58 4-5.

Half-mile, handicap, professional, final: Lawson, Chicago (30 yards), won; Cotter, Tacoma (55), second; Chapman, Atlanta (20), third; time 1:59 1-5. Half-mile, unpaced, exhibition, by Charles W. Miller; time 0:59 2-5, world's indoor record.

One mile, exhibition, paced, Baby Gibson, Cincinnati; time 1:58 3-5. Half-mile, exhibition, paced: Eddie Bald of Buffalo; time 1:59 4-5. Two miles, paced, by Harry Elkes of Great Falls, N. Y.; time 4:01 2-5.

One mile, motorcycle exhibition by Fourier of France; time 1:58 4-5. One mile, paced, exhibition, by Jimmy Michael of Wales; time 1:57 1-5. One mile, handicap, amateur, final: Tantau (75 yards), won; Russ (scratch), second; Bean (60), third; time 2:11 2-5.

GREAT INTEREST TAKEN.

Six-day Bicycle Race Will Draw Crowds at San Francisco.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Judging by the interest taken in the preliminary events, the six-day bicycle race, which will begin at the Mechanics' Pavilion tomorrow night, is assured of a large attendance. There was scarcely a vacant seat in the big building last night, and the trials of speed scheduled for tonight attracted an almost equal number of spectators.

Much curiosity is manifested regarding the appearance and condition of the contestants in the long-distance events to be run off during the week. Tod Sloan has been supplanted as a popular hero by Michael Elkes and Bald. Even Waller, who attracted little attention as a rider while residing in Oakland, across the bay, a few years ago, is now greeted with hearty applause whenever he shows himself on the track.

Large Crowd Present.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 12.—A big crowd attended the evening session of the cultural park today. The weather was soft and spring-like and the dogs and hares in fine condition. Many of the courses were long and exciting. The winners were: Sapping Stake—Pride of Clare first, Fashion Plate second, Rebe third and Blackhawk fourth.

Open Stake—Mercury first, Promise Me second, Cricket third and Duke of Wellington fourth.

Couraging at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 12.—In the couraging matches today there were thirty-two entries for the All-age stake, in the final Rush O'Hill beat Survivor. In the Sapping stake there were eight entries, and only the first run down, the result being Ruby R. beat Marigold, Straight Tip beat Jim Corry, and Georgia beat Quen Sabe, Blue Nell beat Philippi.

Golden Gate Club Defeated.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 12.—The first nine of the Santa Clara College defeated the Golden Gate baseball club of San Francisco today by a score of 12 to 8. Batteries: Murphy and Graham; Murphy and Walters.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Good Prospect for Extensive Oil Developments South.

SANTA ANA, Feb. 12.—[Regular Correspondence.] The development of oil in this section of the county is causing new interest to be manifested in the section of country south of Santa Ana by those persons who are supposed to be on the inside of the oil business. It has been known and known for years that oil existed in the coast hills south of the city, for the area at numerous places is so plentiful that anyone can find it. It remained only for some party to get possession of the property who would undertake to develop it. This has now been done. A local company will sink test wells. The property has been visited recently by expert oil men, and without exception they have pronounced the outlook favorable. The ground is of easy access either by rail or water, thus doing away with the necessity of heavy hauling or expensive pipe line systems.

The Santa Ana brevities. The prices of oranges in this county have apparently struck a toboggan slide, so the delight of the consumers. From 30 cents per dozen they have slid to 12 cents, and as the slide has the lay of the land, the price will be still further precipitated.

West of the river the crop of eucalyptus leaves is being harvested. These leaves are used for fuel by some people, but their greater value is in the fact that they are extracted from them and used for medicinal purposes. The gathering of these leaves has become quite an industry in several localities in this county.

A correspondent from Bolina writes that more new houses are going up in that section of the county now than at any other time since the late lamented boom.

Draper of Westminster recently stepped on a rusty nail, the same passing entirely through the foot, coming out at the side of the instep. Medical attention was given the wound at once, and so far no serious complications have developed from the painful accident.

A. A. Kraft of Spokane, Wash., and Miss Jeanette Wilcox of Tustin were married at the home of the bride's mother Saturday at 10 o'clock.

There is a Difference in Beers. But there is no difference in Anheuser-Busch's BUDWEISER. It is always the same. More of this superb brew has been consumed by the American public than any other brands.

We carry the largest stock of Diamonds in Southern California.

S. Nordlinger, Jeweler, 109 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Is what you save on picture frames to order at H. C. LICHTENBERGER'S Clearance Sale, 202 S. Spring St.

high noon. Mr. Kraft is well known in business circles throughout the Pacific Coast and is known extensively in the mining and stock circles in Los Angeles and San Francisco. Mr. and Mrs. Kraft have departed for the north. They will make their future home in Spokane.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. FRIDAY, FEB. 10. David McConnell Smyth to Alice W. Hoffman, lot 1 of subdivision lot 1, block H, San Pasquel tract, \$10,000.

Redondo Hotel Company to Letitia A. Wilcox, lot 21, block 12, Redondo Beach, \$500.

San Antonio, Theodore Santos to Nellie A. Harper, lot 4, block 3, Santos tract, \$250.

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THIS is the only Genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.



Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Non-Habitual.*

Genuine must bear signature.

Wm. Wood

Say "CARTER'S" twice—

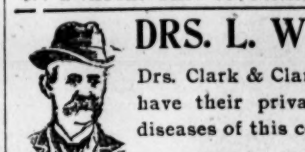
and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



Manhood Restored "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Tonic will quickly cure all Nervous Disorders, Debility, Pimples, Mental, Physical Debility, Pains in Back, Stomach, Head, Heart, Twinges, etc. For 45 days, Neurasthenia, Exhausting Drains, Venereal, Gonorrhea, etc. To be used to cure, get Cupidene, Cleanse the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00. Guaranteed to cure, or your money back. For sale by all druggists. Dated Medicine Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by OFF & VAUGHN DRUG CO., Northeast Corner Fourth and Spruce Streets, Los Angeles, Ca.



DRS. L. W. & J. W. CLARK.

Drs. Clark & Clark, physicians and surgeons, have their private dispensary and treat all diseases of this country.

Office 120 1/2 S. Spring St.



\$2 per large
Pg. 3 for \$5. ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE

City Briefs.

Ladies, our expert manicuring, 25c; hair dressing, 50c; Face massage, 50c; wigs, 10 up; Cupid curls, 35c up; Special Hair Shampoo and Beauty Parlor, 224 W. Second.

Manicuring, 25 cents; shampooing 50 cents; hair dressing, 35 and 50 cents; facial treatments, 50 cent; expert tinting, finest store in city. Mile. Elise, 8 S. Spring Street.

Special discounts on Mexican drawn-out for one week; 20 per cent. off on Indian blankets and baskets, except on the Alameda-street corner, 224 W. Second.

Subject of demonstration lecture on "The Chamber of Commerce of the City of Los Angeles," by Mrs. Dutton at Y.M.C.A. today, 10 a.m. "A Family Breakfast," single tickets 25 cents.

See Señor Vargas making the novel Mexican wax figures at Campbell's, 8 S. Spring Street.

Twenty per cent. discount on Indian baskets this week. Winkler's curios, 8 S. Broadway.

Lowest prices, drawwork, opals, red leather. Field & Cole, 219 Spring.

Drawwork sale at Campbell's. Shell sale at 346 S. Broadway.

There are undelivered telegrams at Western Union Telegraph Company's office for Mrs. J. L. Dunbar, Miss McKay and C. B. Randall. The Chamber of Commerce of the City of Los Angeles has passed a series of resolutions upon the death of Peter W. eu, the victim of the recent scandalous shooting.

Police Station shortly before midnight Saturday and asked for an officer to search for her husband, who had run away from her in an endeavor to capture a man who had attacked him on the street. The woman was Mrs. George W. Zacharias, wife of a draughtsman in the City Engineer's office, and if the story she tells, which is also corroborated by her husband, is true, the latter was the victim of a most peculiar and unusual circumstance.

A frightened woman rushed into the Police Station shortly before midnight Saturday and asked for an officer to search for her husband, who had run away from her in an endeavor to capture a man who had attacked him on the street. The woman was Mrs. George W. Zacharias, wife of a draughtsman in the City Engineer's office, and if the story she tells, which is also corroborated by her husband, is true, the latter was the victim of a most peculiar and unusual circumstance.

According to the woman's story, a man rang the bell of the Zacharias residence, at No. 1807 Griffith avenue, shortly after dinner Saturday evening. Her husband went to the door, and in response to a request, stepped out onto the porch to hear what his visitor had to say. The two had some words, and the stranger struck Zacharias on the head with a piece of 2x4 scantling, inflicting a deep gash just above the left temple. The wounded man grappled with his assailant and, after securing the weapon, aimed a blow at him, but missed the mark. The stranger ran across the street, and Zacharias returned to the house. After securing his revolver, he started out, accompanied by his wife to either capture his assailant or find a policeman. He found the wife of the 2x4 scantling across the street lying in front in the shade of a tree. Pointing his revolver at the prostrate figure, Zacharias commanded him to get up or be killed. The stranger jumped up and started to sprint down Griffith avenue, with the victim of his attack in hot pursuit. This was the last Mrs. Zacharias had seen of her husband up to the time she applied at the Police Station.

GAS IS ALMOST FATAL.

Thomas Rice, a grocer at No. 503 Temple street, was found unconscious and nearly asphyxiated in the bathroom of his home early this morning. He remained unconscious for several hours, but at a late hour of the evening was pronounced out of danger by Dr. A. J. Schmidt, the physician who attended him. An accident which had been responsible for the condition in which the grocer was found.

The bathroom in which Rice was lying yesterday morning contains an instantaneous gas heater, which was heating water. Mr. Rice says that he turned off the gas before commencing his bath, but shortly after getting into the tub he became sick and dizzy. He started for the door, which he had locked, but fell before reaching it. A young woman who rooms in the house heard heavy breathing in the bathroom, and upon calling at the door, she found Mr. Rice in a state of unconsciousness. She summoned Mr. Rice, and together with others, forced an entrance to the room and found her husband almost dead behind the door. Mr. Rice is about 40 years of age. His brother died two weeks ago of pneumonia. This, with an attack of grip, has caused Mr. Rice considerable worry for several days. The idea of any suicidal intent is ruled out by both his wife and the physician.

HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

L. Richards and wife are seriously injured.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Richards of 1137 Westlake avenue were thrown from their car early this morning while driving on Figueroa street near the corner of Tenth street late yesterday evening. Presumably, the car was removed from their home and Dr. W. T. McArthur attended to the injuries. The accident was due to a runaway, caused by one of the front wheels of the carriage coming off after the occupants of the car had been thrown from the vehicle, and had not been heard from at night last night.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Richards sustained severe bruises, and it is feared that they may be injured internally. Mr. Richards' shoulder, back and right arm were severely wrenched, and his wife sustained several cuts and bruises. Neighbors in the vicinity of the place where the accident occurred aided the injured couple to a near-by house, which Dr. McArthur was summoned, administered to their immediate needs and accompanied them to their home in the ambulance.

NOTICE TO SAVINGS DEPOSITORS.

The undersigned banks of Los Angeles will accept savings deposits and pay interest on the following terms: to-wit:

On deposits made March 1, 1899, and thereafter, on all deposits on hand July 1, 1899, a rate of interest to be allowed shall not exceed 4 per cent. from date of deposit, compounded semi-annually, on term accounts, 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from date of deposit, compounded semi-annually on ordinary accounts.

On deposits now on hand and made prior to July 1, 1899, the present rate of interest to be allowed shall be 3 per cent. on all savings deposits are exempt from taxation to the depositor.

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FUN FOR BOYS.

They Set Fire to Two Abandoned Oil Sump Holes.

An immense column of smoke called a large crowd of people to a field north of Westlake park about 4 o'clock yesterday, where it was apparent from all parts of town that a considerable quantity of oil was burning. The scene of the conflagration was that of an oil well which was abandoned about two years ago, and from which there had been considerable accumulation of petroleum in two sump holes. It was stated that two boys were seen to enter the spot just after the column of smoke was first noticed, and it appears that the boys had lit the oil in the sump holes and had secured more fuel than they expected and became alarmed. There was a property near by which could not be reached, and there was no less, while the spectacular features of the fire exceeded that of the average one in which a large amount of damage is done.

TALLY-HO stables and Carriage Co. is now located at 712 South Broadway. Same telephone, main 11.

Smith's Dandruff Pomade cures eczema, dandruff, and itching scalp. At all drug stores.

Baking Powder,

used exclusively,
will insure your food
from all danger of alum
and kindred injurious adulterants.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MYSTERIOUS ASSAULT.

GEORGE W. ZACHARIAS ATTACKED BY AN UNIDENTIFIED ASSAILANT.

The Victim Answers a Call of His Door Bell and is Met by a Blow on the Head from a Piece of Scantling.

A frightened woman rushed into the Police Station shortly before midnight Saturday and asked for an officer to search for her husband, who had run away from her in an endeavor to capture a man who had attacked him on the street. The woman was Mrs. George W. Zacharias, wife of a draughtsman in the City Engineer's office, and if the story she tells, which is also corroborated by her husband, is true, the latter was the victim of a most peculiar and unusual circumstance.

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Smith's Dandruff Pomade cures eczema, dandruff, and itching scalp. At all drug stores.

RUNS FROM HER ENEMIES.

Insane Woman Found on the Street. Man Also Demented.

Two insane persons were taken into custody by the police yesterday, and both were removed to the County Hospital. Mary Hastings Peterson was found on First street shortly before noon. She was running through the thoroughfare in an endeavor to avoid imaginary enemies, who she said were trying to kill her. The woman objected to being taken charge of by Officer Richardson, saying that he was one of those who was conspiring against her.

J. Plaster had a pleasant form of insanity, if such there be. When arrested at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the corner of Main and First streets he was offering to shake hands with every one who passed him. He declared that he was very happy, and that every one was his friend. Upon being taken to the Police Station by Officer Harris he greeted every one in the station whom he met, and was particularly profuse in his demonstration toward Clerk Gridley.

Man and Woman Arrested.

Two persons giving the names of Mr. and Mrs. Quinn were arrested upon their arrival in Los Angeles on an early train from San Francisco yesterday morning. They are held at the Police Station pending the arrival of officers from Hanford, Kings county, who say that they are guilty of a felony. Detective Paul Flammer and Sgt. Smith arrested the couple in response to a telegram received from W. V. Buckner. When Buckner was notified of the arrest he wired a reply requesting that the prisoners be kept in custody until Monday, when he would come to Los Angeles for them. He was particularly anxious that all jewelry which they possessed be taken care of.

Would-be Suicide Improving.

Louis C. Ott, who attempted to end his life, because a woman had flitted him, is still a patient at the Receiving Hospital. After taking three ounces of chloral hydrate Saturday, he regained consciousness early yesterday morning. He was reticent about his attempt to end his life, and is still very ill. Ott was formerly a messenger boy, and had been living with a fast woman for several weeks. She threw him over a few days ago, and this, with the loss of his money through gambling, caused his desperate act.

DEATH RECORD.

JENKINS—At his residence, Arlington, February 10, 1939, Dr. F. D. Jenkins, father of Dr. J. F. T. Jenkins of this city, and Mrs. Gower Granville Munro of Riverside, Minn. died at the age of 82 years. Burial at the Los Angeles cemetery.

SUTCH & DEERING FUNERAL PARLORS.

Nos. 606-608 South Broadway. Mr. Spooner, attendant, for ladies and children. Tel. M. 665.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 240.

FOR HOT AIR FURNACES.

Go to Browne, the Furnace Man, 123 E. 4th.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; mainsprings, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 S. Broadway.

For family use, for the medicine closet, for those who use whisky as a beverage, the Moore Old A. A. Whisky is the best, because it is pure.

BEKINS ships household goods to all points at cut rates. 426 South Spring.

VERXA.

\$1.15 Fifty-pound Sack

VERXA TOWEL BRAND FLOUR—

Flour sacks are always used for dishcloths, etc., but this sack is made of Best Linen Twisting, and when emptied you have a fine 60-inch Roller Towel. This Flour is equal to any flour in packed California and contains Kansas Red Wheat, which gives it Greater Strength.

7 1/2 cents pound

BEST KETTLE RENDERED LEAF LARD—Bring your own pails.

27 cents pound

LOOSE GROUND CHOCOLATE—This is high grade Chocolate.

15 cents can

Half-pound—BREAKFAST COCOA; others ask 25 cents can for same Cocoa.

10 cents bottle

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—Worth 25 cents bottle.

2 cents package

CALIFORNIA SULPHUR MATCHES—Full count.

12 cents

For a LARGE SIZED CAN OF CLAMS—Regular price 20 cents.

25 cents can

One-pound cans—"OUR OWN" JAVA and MOCHA COFFEE—A strictly high grade coffee packed in air-tight cans.

Sanitarium Health Foods on Exhibition at Store This Week. Free Demonstration Daily.

VERXA.

Don't buy a Piano until you see

The Hardman.

EASY PAYMENTS.

LOS ANGELES PIANO CO.,

418 SOUTH BROADWAY.

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BISHOP'S

Bishop's Soda Crackers are made fresh every day right here in Los Angeles. Did you know it?

Crimp Soda Crackers in bulk. Princess Soda Crackers in boxes.

BRISON AND COMPANY

SODA CRACKERS

'Premier' Wine

is the standard brand of California's vast output. It is made from selected California grapes during the grape season and properly cared for until marketed.

Charles Stern & Sons.

Winery and Distillery.

101-103 MACY ST.

City Depot—ELLINGTON DRUG CO., corner Fourth and Spring.

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3d

Anniversary

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale.

Sale